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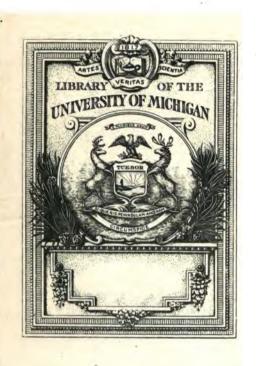
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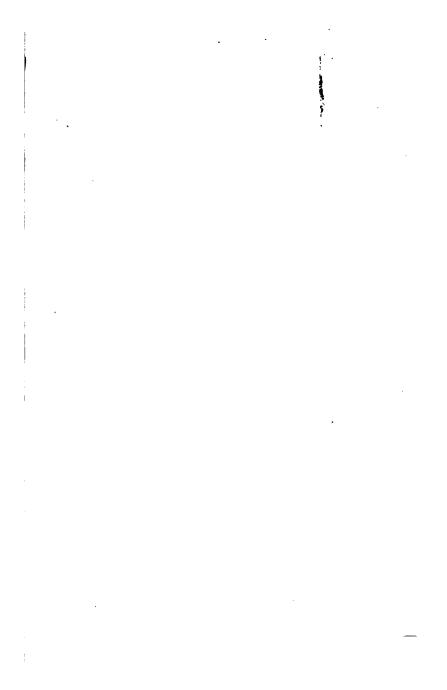
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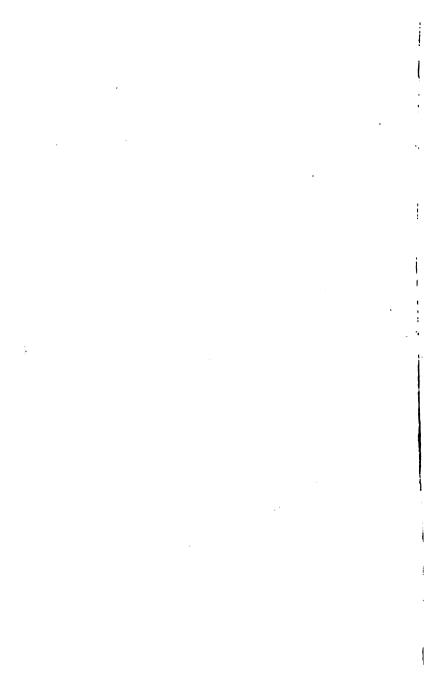
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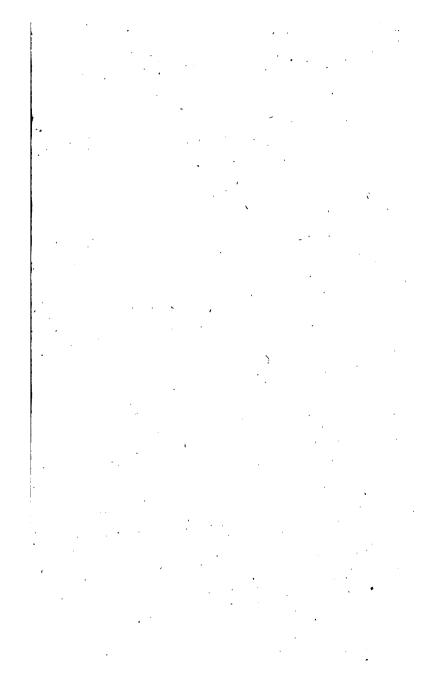
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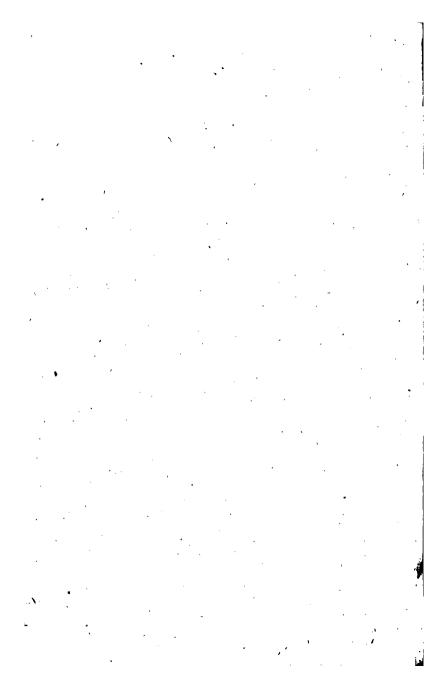
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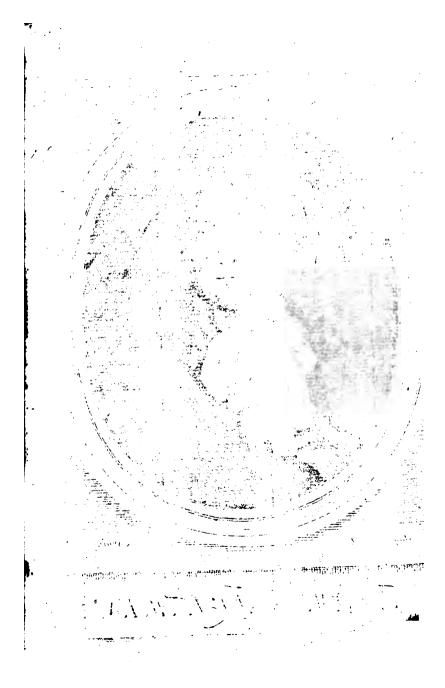


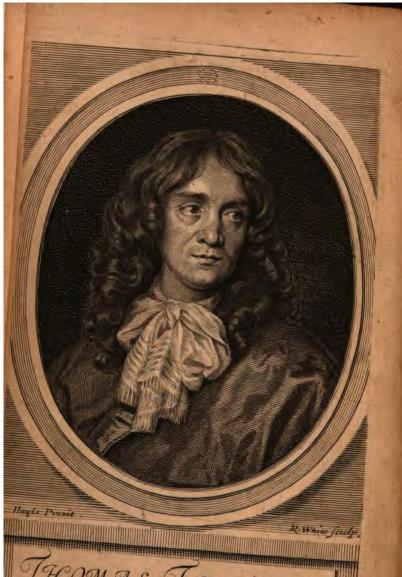












GOMAS FLATMAN.

POEMS

AND

SONGS

BY THOMAS FLATMAN.

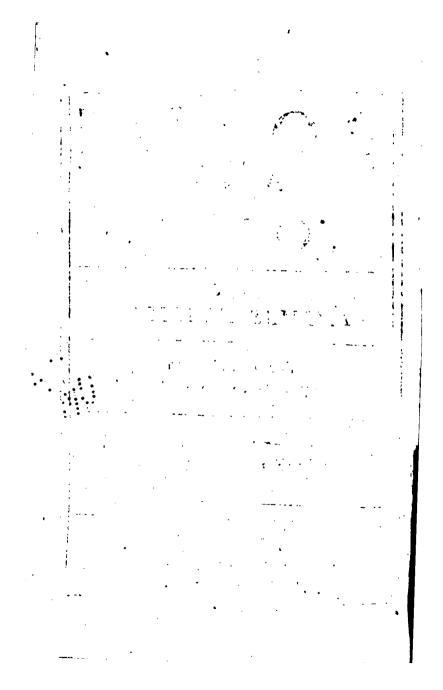
The Third Edition

With Additions and Amendments.

Dicunt Pastores, sed non Ego credulus illis. Virgil.

LONDON,

Printed for Benjamin Tooke, at the Ship in St. Paul's Church-Yard. 1682.



TO HIS

GRACE DUKE ORMOND

Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, &c.

In humble acknowledgment of His Princely Favours

These POEMS are with all Dutiful Respect

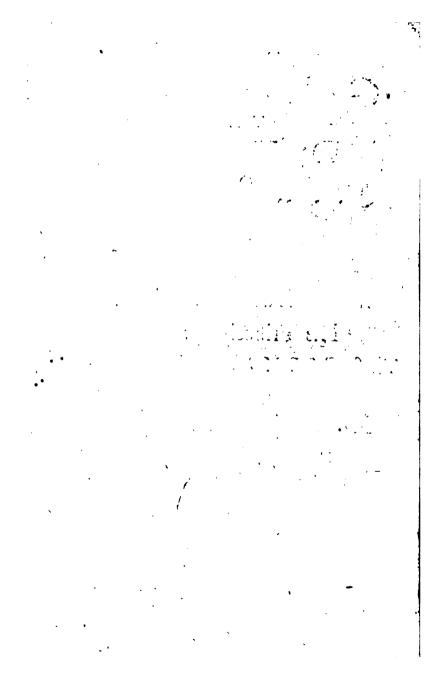
DEDICATED

By his GRACE's

Ever Oblig'd, and most Obedient Servant,

Thomas Flatman.

A 3



Englishi Dobite 1-30-34PREFACE

TO THE

READER.

Hen I was prevail'd upon to make a Third Publication of these Poems with some Additions, it was told me, That without a Preface the Book would be unfashionable; Universal Custom had made it a Debt, and in this Age the Bill of Fair was as necessary as the Entertainment.

To be Civil therefore, and to comply with Expectation, instead of an elaborate Harangue in Commendation of the Art in general, or what, and how many Qualifications go to the Making

The Preface

making up of a Poet in particular, and withcut such artificial Imbellishments as use to be the Ornament of Prefaces, as Sayings of Philopners, Ends of Verses, Greek, Latin Hungarian, French, Welch, or Italian, Be it known unto the Reader, That in my poor Opinion Poetry ha's a very near Resemblance to the modern Experiment of the Ambling-Saddle; It's a good Invention for smoothing the Trott of Profe; That's the Mechanical use of it. But Physically it gives prefent Ease to the Pains of the Mind, contracted by violent Surfeit of either good or bad &sage in the World. To be serious, 'tis an Innocent Help to Sham a Man's time when it lyes on his hands and his Fancy can Relish nothing else. Ispeak but my own Experience, when any Accident hath either pleas'd or vex'd me beyond my power of expressing eitber

to the Reader.

ther my Satisfaction or Indignation in downright Prose, I found it seasonable for Rhiming; and I believe from what follows it may be discern'd when't was Fair Weather, when Changeable, and when the Quickfilver fell down to Storm and Tempest. As to the Measures observed by me, I always took a peculiar delight in the Pindariqu' strain, and that for two Reasons, First, it gave me a liberty now and then to correst the saucy forwardness of a Rhime, and to lay it aside till I had a mind to admit It; And secondly, if my Sense fell at any time too short for my Stanza, (and it will often happen so in Versifying) I had then opportunity to fill it up with a Metaphor little to the purpose, and (upon occasion) to run that Metaphor stark mad into an Allegory, a practice very frequent and of admirable use amongst the Moderns, especially

The Preface

the Nobless of the Faculty. But in good earneft, as to the Subjects, which came in my way to write upon, I must declare that I have chosen only such as might be treated within the Rules of Decency, and without offence either to Religion or good Manners. The Caution I receiv'd (by Tradition) from the Incomparable Mr. Cowley, and him I must ever acknowledge but to imitate, if any of the en-Juing Copies may deserve the name of Good or Indifferent. I have not vanity enough to prescribe how a Muse ought to be Courted, and I want leizure to borrow from some Treatises I bave seen, which look like so many Academies of Compliments for that purpole. have known a man, who when he was about to write would screw his face into more disguises than Scaramuchio, or a Quaker at a Meeting when his Turn came to mount; his breast heav'd.

to the Reader.

heav'd, his hair stood on end, his eyes star'd, and the whole man was disorder'd; and truly when he had done, any body at first reading would conclude that at the time he made them he was possess't with an evil Spirit. Another that seem'd like Nostradamus (when the Whim took him in the head to Prophecy), he late upon his Divining Tripos. his, elbow on his knee, his Lamp by his side, all the avenues of light stopp'd, full of expestation when the little faint flame should steal in through a creviss of the Shutters; This Gentleman indeed writ extreme Melancholy Madrigals. I have had the happiness to hear of a Third too, whose whole life was Poetical, he was a Walking Poem, and his way was this; finding that the fall of the Leaf was already upon him, and prudently foreseeing that in the Winter of his old Age he might

The Preface

might possibly want Fodder, he carried always about him one of Raimund' Lully's Repofitories, a piece of Mathematical Paper, and in what Company soever he came, the Spoon was always ready for the Civet-Cat nothing |cap't him that fell from a Wit: At night his custom was to digest all that he had pirated that Day, under proper Heads; This was his Arsenal, his inexhaustible Magazine, so that upon occasion he had no more to do, than to give a snap, or two to his Nails; a rub or two upon the sutures of his Head, to turn over his Hint-Book, and the Matter was at hand, his business (after that piece of Legerdemain) was only Tacking, and Tagging: I never saw but One of this Author's Compositions, and really It troubled me, because It put me in mind, how much time I had mispent in Coffee-Houses, for there Was

to the Reader.

was nothing in It, but what I could find a Father for There; Nay (with a little recollection,) aman might name most of the Birds from whence he had pluckt his Feathers. Some there are that Beseech, Others that Hestor their Muses: Some that Diet their Pegalus, give him his Heats and Ayrings for the Course; Others that endeavour to stop up his broken wind with Medicinal Ale and Bisquet: But these for the most part are men of Industry; Rhiming is their proper Business, they are fain to labour hard, and use much Artifice for a poor Livelyhood, I wish'em good I profess I never had design to be Trading. incorporated into the Society; my utmost End was meerly for Diversion of my self, and a few Friends whom I very well love: and if the question should be ask'd why these Productions are expos'd, I may truly say, I could not help

The Preface

it, One unlucky Copy, like a Bellweather, stole from me into the Common, and the rest of the Flock took their opportunity to leave the Enclosure. If I might be proud of any thing, it should be the sirst Copy of the Book, but therein I had the greatest advantage given me that any Noble Subject could afford. And so much for Presace and Poetry, till some very powerful Star shall over-rule my present Resolution.

ONTHE

EXCELLENT POEMS

OF MY

Most Worthy Friend,

Mr. THOMAS FLATMAN.

Ou happy Issue of a happy Wit,
As ever yet in charming numbers writ,
Welcome into the Light, and may we be
Worthy so happy a Posterity.
We long have wish't for something excellent;
But ne're till now knew rightly what it meant:
For though we have been gratist'd 'tis true,
From several hands with things both fine and new.
The Wits must pardon me, if I prosess,
That 'till this time the over-teeming press
Ne're set out Poesy in so true a dress:
Nor is it all, to have a share of Wit,
There must be judgment too to manage it;

For Fancy's like a rough, but ready Horse, (force: Whose mouth is govern'd more by skill than Wherein (my Friend) you do a Maistry own, If not particular to you alone; Yet such at least as to all eyes declares Your Pegalus the best performs his Ayres. Your Muse can humour all her Subjects To, That as we read we do both feel and knows And the most firm impenetrable breast :: With the same passion that you writ's possest. Your Lines are Rules, which who shall well ob-Shall even in their errors praise deserve: (serve The boyling youth, whose Blood is all on fire, Push't on by Vanity, and hot desire, May learn fuch conduct here, men may approve And not excuse, but even appland his love. Ovid, who made an ART of what to all Is in it self but too too natural, Had he but read your Verse, might there have seen The fiele of which his Precepts should have been : And (which it feems he knew not) learnt from To reconcile frailty with Innocence. (thence

The Love you write, Virgins and Boyes may read, And never be debaucht but better bred ? For without love, Beauty would bear no price. And dulness, than desire's a greater vice : Tour greater subjects with such force are writ So full of Sinewy Arength, as well as wit, That when you are Religious, our Divines -May emulate, but not reprove your Lines, And when you reason, there the learned Crew May learn to speculate, and speak from you. Tou no Prophane, no obscene language use To smut your Paper or defile your Muse, Tour gayest things, as well exprest, as meant Are equally both Queint, and Innocent. But your Pindarique Odes indeed are fuch... That Pindar's Lyre from his own skilful touch, Ne're yielded fuch an Harmony, nor yet Verse keep such time on so unequal feet. So by his own generous confession Great Tasso by Guarini was out done: And (which in Copying feldom does befal) The Ettype's better than th' Original.

But whilst your Fame I labour to send forthy
By the ill-doing it I cloud your worth,
In something all mankind unhappy are,
And you as mortal too must have your share;
'Tis your missortune to have found a Friend,
Who burts & injures where he would commend a
But let this be your comfort, that your Bayes
Shall flourish green, mauger an ill coucht Praise.

MOTTON'S ESLANDS From Longo to the property of the property of

To fame a sur Eugenor a 11 gover The law greet things, as well express, a fame and express, as well express, as the additional things and the constant of the second constant and the constant of the second c

"at even vinder gree Order indeed as a line of the line treatment of the line is own so a line of the line of the

Perference that the e on to the rual form only this swn generous son whom

Green The Color Guardie was out done that had he high in the and felden does on the

The Topy is better than the Original

TO MY

FRIEND

Mr. THOMAS FLATMAN

upon the Publication of his

POEMS

I

And calls his Standard do's erect
And calls his Subjects to the Field,
From such as early take his side,
And readily obedience yield,
e is instructed where he may suspect,
And where he safely may conside;
So mighty Friend!
That you may see
perfect evidence of Loyalty,
No business & pretend;
our all th' Incumbrances of humane life,

From nourishing the sinful peoples strife, And the increasing weaknesses of Age.

II.

Domestique Care, the Minds Incurable Disease
I am resolv'd I will forget,
Ah! could I hope the restless pain,
Would now intirely cease,
And never more return again,
My thoughts I would in other order set
By more than protestations I would show,
Not the Sum total only of the Debt,
But the particulars of all I owe.

III.

This I would do: But what will our defire avail
When active heat and vigour fail?

Tis well thou ha'st more youthful combatants
Right able to protect thy Immortality: (than I,
If Envy should attaque thy spotless name,
(And that attaque's the best of things
And into Rigid Censure brings
The most undoubted Registers of Fame)

Their Artillery let them dispence, Piercing Wit and Murd'ring Eloquence. Noble conceit and manly Sence, Charming Numbers let'em shine And dazle dead in ev'ry line The Most malicious of thy Foes, Though Hell it self should offer to oppose: I (thy decrepit Subject) only can refign The little life of Art is left, to ransome thine: Fumbling?s as bad in Poetry, And as Ridiculous, as 'tis in Gallantry: But if a Dart I may prevent. Which at, my Friend's repute was mean't Let them then direct at Me, By dying in so just a War, I possibly may share In thy Infallible Eternity.

ÌV,

But dearest Friend
(Before it be too late)

Let us a while expostulate,

What heat of Glory call'd you on,

Your

Your learned Empire to extend Beyond the Limits of your own Dominion? At home, you were already crown'd with Bayes Why Foreign Trophies do you seek to raise? Poets Arcana's have of Government, And tho' the Homagers of your own Continent Out of a Sense of duty do submit, Yet Publick Print, a jealousie creates And intimates a lay'd design Unto the Neighb'ring Potentates. Now into all your fecret Arts they pry, And weigh each hint by rules of policy, Offensive Leagues they twine, In Councels, Rota's, and Cabals they fit, Each Petty Burgess thinks it fit The Corporation should combine. Against the Universal Monarchy of Wit.

V,

And streight declare for quite abjuring it.

5357

Hence then must you, prepare for an Invasion: Tho not from such as are reclaim'd by Education; In the main points all European Wits agree, All allow Order, Art, and Rules of Decency, And to be absolutely perfect, ne're was yet A beauty such, or such a Wit.

1.

I fear the Pagan and the Barbarous,
A Nation quite the Antipodes to us;
The Infidel unletter'd Crew (I mean)
Who call that only Wit,
Which is indeed but the Reverse of it;
Creatures in whom civility ne're shone,
But (unto Nature's contradiction)
It is their Glory to be so obscene,
You'ld think the Legion of the unclean
Were from the Swine, (to which they were condemn'd) releas'd.

And had these veryer Swine (than them) possess.

VI.

If these should an advantage take
And on thy Fame a Depredation make,
You must submit to the unhappiness;
These are the common Enemies of our Belief and
And by hostility posses.

(Art,

The

The World's much greater part:

All things with them are measur'd by success:

If the Battle be not won;

If the Author do not Sell;

Into they'r dull capacities it will not sink,

They cannot with deliberation think

How bravely the Commander led them on,

No nor wherein the Book was written well:

When, ('tis a thing impossible to do,)

He cannot find his Army courage, (Sir) nor you

Your Readers, learning, wit, and Judgment too.

R. T:

TO MY

FRIEND Mr. THOMAS FLATMAN,

On the Publishing of these his

POEMS.

Et not (my Friend) th' incredulous Sceptic
Man

Dispute what Potent Art and Nature can!
Let him believe, the Birds that did Bemoan
The loss of Zeuxu Grapes in Queru'lous Tone,
Were Silenc'd by a Painted Dragon, found
A Telesme to restrain their chatt'ring sound,
And that one made a Mistress could insorce
A Neighing sigh, Ey'n from a Stallion Horse!
Let old Timanthes now unveil the Face
Of his Atrides, thou't give Sorrow grace!
Now may Parrhasius let his Curtain stand!
And great Protogenes Take off his Hand!

For

For all that Lying Greece and Latium too Have told us of, Thou (only Thou) mak It true, And all the Miracles which they could show, Remain no longer Faith; but Science now. Thou do'ft those things that no man else durst do, Thou Paint's the lightning, and the thunder too! The Soul and Voice! (confent. Thou'lt make Turks, Jews, with Romanists To break the Second great Commandement: And them perswade an Adoration giv'n In Picture, will as Grateful be to Heav'n As one in Metre. Th' Art is in Exces; But yet thy ingenuity makes it less. With Pen and Pencil thou dost all out-shine, In Speaking Picture, Poefie Divine. Poets, Creators are! You made us Know Those are Above, and Dread those are Below; But 'tis no Wonder you such things can Dare That Painter, Foet, and A Prophet are. The Stars themselves, think it no scorn to be Plac'd, and Directed in their Way by Thee. Thou Knowest their Virtue, and their Situation. The Fate of Years, and every great Mutation,

With

With the same Kindness let them look on Earth;
As when they gave thee first thy happy Birth!
The sober Saturn Aspects, Cinthia bright,
Resigning Hers, to give us thy New Light.
The Gentle Venus Rose with Mercury,
(Presage of Sostness in thy Poess)
And Jove, and Mars in Amicable Trine
Do still give Spirit to thy Polish's Line.
Thou mayst do what thou wilt without controul:
Only thy self and Heav'n can Paint thy Soul.

FRAN. BARNARD.

TO MY

Worthy Friend,

Mr. THOMAS FLATMAN.

Upon the Publishing of his

POEMS

That which, yet Private, did my wonder raise; Now 'tis made Publica' challenge's my praise and V. Such miracles my charming Verse dando, and last W. Where e're it goes, It draw's meaning it took dans

This is a kind of Birthday to thy Muse! Link In A. Transported with delight I cannot that?

But bid Her Welcome to the Light, and tell, How much I value what is writ so well;

Tho' Thou reap'st no advantage by my Rhime, More than a Taper helps the Day to shine.

Thus

Thus in dell Pemp do's th' Empty Coach attend. To pay respect to some departed Friend! The difference of Regard in this do's ly, A. S. W. I. That Honours: Duft: Mine that which cannot Dys." For what can blast the labours of thy Pen. While wit and vertue are allow'd by men? Thou entertain'st the world with such a Feast So cleanly and so elegantly dreft, So stor'd with laudable varieties As may a modest Appetite suffice; Who ever is thy Guest is fure to find Something or other that may please his mind. Sometimes in pious flames thy Mufe afpire's ----Her bosome warm'd with supernatural fires; In noble flights with Pindar, foar's above; Dallie's fometimes with not-indecent Love, Thence down into the Grave do's humbly creep, And renders Death desirable as Sleep. The Debuonair, the Melancholy Heer Find matter for their Mirth, ease for their Care. Easie thy Verse, Clean thy Conceptions are, Neither too proud, Nor too familiar.

Since such Provisions made for all that come,
He must be squeamish that goe's Empty home;
If These Refectious cannot do him good,
'Tis' cause his Stomack's vitious, not the Food:

FRANCIS KNOLLTS.

The second of th

a'y dispOndinated Octobrill Conflict State (Inches

TO THE

AUTHOR

ON HIS

EXCELLENT

POEMS

Strange Magick of thy wit and slile Which to their griefs mankind can Reconcile! Whilst thy Philander's tuneful voice we hear

Condoling our disastrous state, Toucht with a sense of our hard sate,

We figh perhaps or drop a tear,

But he the mournful Song fo sweetly sings, That more of Pleasure than Regret it brings

With such becoming grief

The Trojan Chief

Troy's Conflagration did relate,

Whil'st

Whil'st ev'n the fuff'rers in the Fire drew near
And with a greedy ear
Devour'd the story of their own subverted state.

II.

Kind Heav'n (as to her darling Son) to Thee
A double Portion did impart,
A Gift of Painting and of Poefy:
But for thy Rivals in the Painters Art,
If well they Represent, they can effect

No more, nor can we more expect.

But more than this Thy happy Pencils give;
Thy draughts are more than Representative,
For, if we'l credit our own eyes, they Live!
Ah! Worthy Friend cou'd Thou maintain the
State

Of what with so much ease thou do'st Create,
We might Reslect on Death with Scorn!
But Pictures like th' Originals decay!
Of Colours Those consist, and these of Clay;
A like Compos'd of Dust, to Dust alike Return!

Yet 'tis our Happiness to see Oblivion, Death, and adverse Destiny Encountred, Vanquish'd, and disarm'd by thee.

> For if thy Pencils fail, Change thy Artillery

And Thou 'rt secure of Victory, Employ thy Quill and thou shalt still prevail.

The Grand Destroyer, greedy Time, reveres

Thy Fancy's Imag'ry, and spares
The meanest things that bear

Th' Impression of thy Pen;

The course and cheap their natural mettal were, Stampt with thy verse he knows th' are sacred, then.

He knows them by that Character to be Predestinate and set apart for Immortality.

IV,

If native Lustre in thy Theams appear,
Improv'd by thee it shines more clear:
Or if thy Subject's void of native Light,

Thy Fancy need but dart a beam To guild thy Theam,

And make the rude mass beautiful and bright.

Thou vary'st oft thy Strains, but still

Success attends each strain:

Thy verse is always as losty as the Hill,

Or pleasant as the plain.

How well thy Muse the Pastoral Song improves !

Whose Nymphs and Swains are in their Loves,

As innocent and yet as kind as Doves.

But most She moves our Wonder and Delight,

When She performs her loose Pindariqu' flight,

Oft to their outmost reach She will extend

Her towring Wings to foar on high, And then by just degrees descend:

Oft in a swift strait Course She glides,

Obliquely oft the air divides,

And oft with wanton play hangs hov'ring in the Sky.

Whilst Sense of duty into my artless Muse

Th' ambition would insuse

To mingle with those Nymphs that Homage pay,

And wait on Thine in her Triumphant way,

Defect of merit checks her forward pride,

And makes her dread t'approach thy Chariot side.

For 'twere at least a rude Indecency

(If not *Profane*) t' appear

At this *Solemnity*,

Crown'd with no Lawrel (as others are)

But this she will presume to do,

At distance to attend the show,

Officiously to gather of

The Scatter'd Bayes, if any drop

From others Temples, and with those

A plain Plebeian Coronet compose.

This, as your Livery, she'd wear, to hide
Her Nakedness, not gratiste her Pride!

Such

While Woods, and Vaults, the Brook and neighbouring Hill, /

Repeat the varied close, and the melodious Trill.

, II. MAMTAJ^{II} AAMOH

Here feast your Ears, but let your Eye Wander, and ice one of the leffer frie Under a leaf, or on a dancing twig,

Ruffe hispainted feathers, and look bie Pirk up his tayle, and hop between The boughs; by moving, only to be feen. Perhaps his troubled breast he prunes, As he doth meditate on his tunes: At last (compos'd) his little head he rears, Towards (what he strives to imitate) the Sphears;

And chirping then begins his best, Falls on to Pipe among the reft; Deeming that all's not worth arulb Without by Whiftle from the bufb.

in while in the

Th' barmonious

Th' barmonious found did reach my ear,

That ect bo'd Thy clean Name;

Which all must know, who e're did hear,

Of Cowley or Or inda's same;

I heard the Genius, with surprizing Grace,

Would visit us with his sair off-spring, gay

As is the morning spring in May;

But fairer much and of immortal race.

IV.

Delighted greatly, as I listning stood,

The found came from each corner of the wood;
It both the Shrubs, and Cedars shak't,
And my drowsy Muse awak't;
Strange that the found should be so shrill,
That had its passage through a Quill.
Then I resolv'd Thy praises to rehearse,
The wonders of Thy Pen, among the Croud
Of thy learn'd Friends that sing so loud:
But 'twas not to be sung, or reach't in verse.

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POEMS.

On the DEATH of the RIGHT,
HONOURABLE

THOMAS

EARL of

OSSOR Y

Pindariq' Ode.

Stanza. I.

The Great, the Just, the Generous, the The universal Darling of Mankind, (Kind, The Noble Offery is now No more!

The

POEMS.

The Mighty Man is fell'n

From Glory's lofty Pinacle,

Meanly like one of Us He fell,

Not in the hot purfuit of Victory,

As Gallant Men would chafe to dy;

But tamely, like a poor Plebeian, from his Bed

To the dark Grave a Captive led;

Emasculating Sighs, and Groans around,

His Friends in Flouds of Sorrow drown'd;

His arriends in Flouds of Sorrow drownd;
His awful Truncheon, and bright Arms laid by,
He bow'd his glorious Head to Destiny.

11.

Celestial Powers, how unconcern'd you are?
No black Eclipse, or Blazing-Star
Presag'd the Death of this Illustrious Man,
No Deluge, no, nor Hurricane;
In her old wonted course Nature went on,
As if some common thing were done,
One single Victim to Deaths Altar's come,
And not in OSSORT an whole Hecatombe.
Yet, when the Founder of Old Rome expir'd,

When

When the Pellian Youth resign'd his Breath,
And when the great Distator stoop'd to Death;
Nature and all her Faculties retir'd;
Amaz'd she started when amaz'd she saw
The breaches of her ancient Fundamental Law,
Which kept the World in aw;
For men less brave than Him, her very Heart did
(ake,

The labouring Earth did quake,
And Trees their fixt Foundations did for sake;
Nature in some prodigious way
Gave notice of their fatal Day.
Those lesses Griess with pain the thus express,
This did consound, and overwhelm her Bress.

ĦÌ.

Shrink ye Crown'd Heads, that think your felves (secure,

And from your mouldring Thrones look (down,

Your greatness cannot long endure,
The King of Terrors claims you for his own;
You are but Tributaries to his dreadful Crown,

Renown'd

Renown'd, Serene, Imperial, most August,
Are only high and mighty Epithets for Bust.
In vain, in vain so high
Our tow'ring expectations slie,
While th' Blossoms of our hopes, so fresh, so
(gay,

Appear, and promise Fruit, then sade away.
From valiant OSSOR1's ever Loyal Hands
What did we not believe?
We dream't of yet unconquer'd Lands
He to his Prince could give,
And Neighbouring Crowns retrieve;
Expected that he would in Triumph come
Laden with Spoils, and Affrick Banners home,
As if an Hero's years
Were as unbounded as our fond Desires.

IV.

Lament, Lament, you that dare Honour love,
And court her at a Noble rate
(Your Prowess to approve,)
That dare religiously upon Her wait,

And blush not to grow Good, when you grow (Great,

Such Mourners suit His Vertue, such His State. And you, brave Souls, who for your Countrie's (good

Did wond'rous things in Fields, and Seas of (Blood,

Lament th' undaunted Chief that led you on;
Whose exemplary Courage could inspire
The most degenerate Heart, with Martial English
(Fire.

Your bleeding wounds who shall hereafter dress

With an indulgent tenderness;

Touch't with a melting Sympathy,

Who shall your Wants supply?

Since He, your good Samaritan is gone.

O Charity! thou richest Boon of Heaven,

To Man, in pity given!

(For when well meaning Mortals give,
The Poor's, and their own Bowels they relieve;)
Thou mak'st us with alacrity to Dy,
Mic's and he weil'd like. They large hearted. O.S.

Miss't and bewail'd like Thee large-hearted OS-(SORT. V.

Arise ye biest Inhabitants Above,
From your Immortal Seats Arise,
And on our Wonder, on our Love
Gaze with astonish't Eyes.
Arise! Arise! make roome,
Th'exalted Shade is come.
See where He comes! what Princely Port He (bears!

How God-like He appears!

His shining Temples round

With Wreaths of everlasting Lawrels bound!

As from the bloody Field of Mons He came,

Where He out-fought th' Hyperbolies of Fame.

See how the Guardian Angel of our Isle

Receiv's the Deisi'd Champion with a Smile!

Welcome the Guardian-Angel say's

Full of Songs of Joy and Praise,

Welcome Thou art to me,

And to these Regions of Screnitie!

Welcome the Winged Quire resounds,

While with loud Enge's all the Sacred place a-

(bounds.

To the Memory of the Incomparable ORINDA.

Pindarique Ode.

Stanza I.

Long Adieu to all that's bright,
Noble or brave in Woman-kind;
To all the Wonders of their Wit,
And Trophies of their Mind:
The glowing heat of th' holy fire is gone:
To th' Altar, whence 'twas kindled, flowne;
There's nought on earth, but Ashes left behind;
E'r since the amazing sound was spread

Orinda's dead.

Every fost and fragrant word,
All that language could afford;
Every high and losty thing
That's wont to set the Soul on wing,
No longer with this worthless world would stay.
Thus, when the death of the great Pan was told,
Along the shore the dismal tidings roll'd;

The

The leffer Gods their Fanes for fook,
Confounded with the mighty stroke,
They could not overlive that fatal day,
But sigh'd and groan'd their gasping Oracles away.

II.

How rigid are the Laws of Fate!

And how severe that black Decree!

No sublunary thing is free,

But all must enter th' Adamantine Gate:

Sooner, or later must we come

To Natures dark retiring Room:

And yet 'tis pity, Is it not?

The Learned, as the Fool should die,

One, full as low, as t' other Lie;

Together blended in the general lot!

Distinguish't only from the common Croud

By an hing'd Coffin or a Holland Shroud,

Tho Fame and Honour speak them ne'r so loud.

Alas Orinda! even Thou;

Whole happy Verse made others live,
And certain Immortality could give,
Blassed are all thy blooming Glories now,

Γhe

P O E M S.

The Lawrel withers o're thy brow:

Methinks it should disturb Thee to conceive

That when poor I, this artless breath resign,

My dust should have as much of Poetry as thine?

Щ,

Too foon we languish with defire,
Of what we never could enough admire.
On th' billows of this World sometimes we rise,
So dangerously high,
We are to Heaven too nigh:
When all in rage,
(Grown hoary with one minute's age,)
The very self-same fickle wave,
Which the entrancing Prospect gave,
Swoln to a Mountain, sinks into a Grave.
Too happy Mortals if the Powers above,

As merciful would be,

And easie to preserve the thing we love,

As in the giving they are free!

But they too oft delude our wearied eyes,

They fix a flaming fword 'twixt us and Paradife!

A weeping evening blur's a smiling day,

Yet why should heads of Gold have steet of Clay? Why should the man that wavd th' Almighty

That led the murmuring Croud (wand, By Pillar and by Cloud,

Shivering a top of Aëry Pisgab stand
Only to see, but never, never tread the Promis'd
(Land.

IV.

Throw your Swords and Gauntlets by
You daring Sons of War!
You cannot purchase e'r you die
One honourable Scar.
Since that sair hand that guilded all your Bayes;
That in Heroick numbers wrote your praise,
That you might safely sleep in Honours Bed,
It self, alas! is wither'd, cold, and dead,
Cold and dead are all those charms
That burnisht your victorious arms;
Those useless things hereaster must
Blush sirst in Blood, and then in Rust:
No oil, but that of her smooth words can serve,
Weapon and Warriour to preserve.

Expect

(come down.

Expect no more from this dull Age
But folly, or Poetick rage,
Short-liv'd nothings of the stage,
Vented to day, and cry'd to morrow down;
With her the Soul of Poetic is gone,
Gone, while our expectations flew
As high a pitch, as she has done,
Exhal'd to Heaven like early dew,
Betimes the little shining drops are slown.

V

E're th' drowsie world perceiv'd that Manna was

You of the Sex that would be fair,

Exceeding lovely, hither come,

Would you be pure as Angels are,

Come dress you by Orindo's Tomb,

And leave your flattering Glass at home,

Within that Marble Mirror fee,

How one day such as she

You must, and yet alas! can never be!

Think on the heights of that vast Soul,

And then admire, and then condole,

Think on the wonders of her generous Pen,
'Twas she made Pompey truly Great;
Neither the purchase of his sweat
Nor yet Cornelia's kindness made him live again:
With envy think, when to the grave you go,
How very little must be said of you,
Since all that can be said of vertuous Woman was
(her due.

The Review.

Pindarique Ode to Dr. W.S.

Stanza I.

Hen first I stept into th' alluring Maze
To tread this world's mysterious ways,
Alas! I had nor guide, nor clue,
No Ariadae lent her hand,
Not one of Vertue's Guards did bid me stand,
Or ask't me what I meant to do,
Or whither I would go:
This Labyrinth so pleasant did appear,

Too

I lost my self with much content,

Infinite hazards underwent,

Out-straggled Homer's crasty Wanderer,

And ten years more than he, in fruitless Travels

(spent;

The one half of my life is gone,
The shadow the Meridian past;
Death's dismal Evening drawing on,
Which much with damps and miss be overcast,
An Evening, that will surely come,
'Tis time, high time to give my self the welcome (home.

ÍI.

Had I but heartily believ'd,
That all the Royal Preacher said, was true,
When sirst I entred on the Stage,
And vanity so hotly did pursue;
Convinc'd by his experience, not my age!
I had my self long since retriev'd,
I should have let the Curtain down,
Before the Fools part had begun:

1 at I throughout the tedious play have been
Concern'd in every busie Scene;

POEMS.

Too too inquisitive I try'd

Now this, anon another Face,

And then a third, more odd, took place,

Was every thing, but what I was,

Such was my Protean folly, such my pride

Befool'd through all the Tragy-Comedy,

Where others met with hissing to expect a Plane

(dite:

IIL

I had a mind the Pastoral to prove,

Searching for happines in Love,

And finding Venus painted with a Dove,

A little naked Boy hard by,

The Dove, which has no gall,

The Boy no dangerous Arms at all;

They do thee wrong (great Love) said I,

Much wrong, great Love! — scarce had I

'Ere into my unwary before came (spoke

An inextinguishable stame:

From sair Amira's eyes the lightening broke,

That lest me more than Thurder-Stroke;

Love's

She carries tempest in that lovely name:

Love's mighty and tumultuous pain
Disorders Nature like an Hurricane.
Yet could n't I believe such storms could be,

When I launch't forth to See;
Promis'd my felf a calm, and case way,
Though I had seen before,

Piteous ruins on the shore, And on the naked Beach Leander breathless lay.

IV

To extricate my felf from Love
Which I could ill obey, but worfe command,
I took my Pencils in my hand,
With that Artillery for Conquest driove,

Like wife Pigmalian then did I
My felf delign my Delty;

Maderny own Saint, maderny own Shrines
If the did frown, one dash could make her smile,
All bickerings one easie stroak could reconcile,

Plato seign'd no Idea so divine:

Thus did I quiet many a froward day,

While in my eyes my Soul did play, Thus did the time, and thus thy felf beguile;

Till

16 P.OEMS.

Till on a day, but then I knew not why,
A tear fall'n from my eye,
Wash't out my Saint, my Shrine, my Deity:
Prophetique chance; the lines are gone,
And I must mourn o're what I doted on:
I find even Gietto's Circle has not all persection,

V.

To Poetry I then inclin'd;

Verse that emancipates the mind,

Verse that unbends the Soul;

That Amulet of sickly same,

Verse that from wind articulate's Name;

Verse for both Fortunes sit, to smile and to condole;

'Ere I had long the Tryal made,

A serious thought made me asraid:

For I had heard Parnassus sacred Hill,

Was so prodigiously high,

It's barren Top so near the skie;

The Æther there

So very pure, so subtle, and so rare, 'Twould a Cameleon kill

The Beast that is all Lungs, and feeds on Air;

Poëts the higher up that Hill they go, Like Pilgrims, share the less of what's below:

Hence tis they go repining on,
And murmure more than their own Helicon.
I heard them curfe their flars in ponderous Rhimes
And in grave numbers grumble at the times;
Yet where th' Illustrious Cowley led the way,
I thought it great differetion there to go astray.

VÍ.

From liberal Arts to the litigious Law,
Obedience, not Ambition, did me draw;
I look't at awful Quoife, and scarlet Gown
Through others Opticks, not my own:

Unty the Gordian Knot that will,

I fee no Rhetorick at all
In them that learnedly can brawl,
And fill with mercenary breath the spacious Hall;
Let me be peaceable, let me be fail.
The solitary Tisbite heard the wind,

With strength and violence combin'd, That rent the Mountains and did make The solid Earth's foundations shake, He saw the dreadful fire, and heard the horrid (noise,

But found what he expected in the small still (voice.

VII.

Nor here did my unbridled fancy reft,

But I must try

A pitch more high,

To read the starry language of the East;
And with Caldean Curiosity

Presum'd to solve the Riddles of the Skie;
Impatient till I knew my doom,
Dejected till the good direction come,
I rip't up Fate's forbidden Womb,
Nor would I stay till it brought forth
An easie and a natural birth,
But was solicitous to know.
The yet mishapen Embrio,

(Preposterous crime)
Without the formal Midwisry of time:
Fond man! as if too little grief were given
On earth, draws down inquierudes from Heaven:
Permits himself with sear to be unmann'd,

Bellbazzar

Belshazzar-like grows wan and pale,
His very heart begins to fail,
Is frighted at that writing of the hand,
Which yet nor he, nor all his learn'd Magicians
(understand)

VIII.

And now at last what's the result of all?

Should the strict Audit come,

And for th' Accompt too early call;

A num'rous heap of Ciphers, would be found the (total Sum.)

When incompassionate Age shall plow
The delicate Amira's brow,
And draw his furrows deep and long,
What hardy youth is he
Will after that a Reaper be,
Or sing the Harvest Song?

And what is Verse, but an effeminate vent

Either of Lust or Discontent?
Colours will starve, and all their Glories die,
Invented only to deceive the eye;

And he that wily Law does love,

Much more of Serpent has than Dove,

C 2 There's

There's nothing in Aftrology,
But Delphick ambiguity;
We are misguided in the Dark, and thus
Each Star becomes an Ignis fatuus:

Yet pardon me you glorious lamps of light,
'Twas one of you that led the way,
Dispell'd the gloomy night,

Became a *Phospher* to th' Eternal Day,

And shew'd the *Magi* where th' *Almighty Infant*(lay.

IX.

At length the doubtful Victory's won,

It was a curning Ambufcade

The world for my felicities had laid;

Yet now at length the day's our own, Now Conqueror-like let us new Laws fet down, Henceforth let all our Love Seraphick surn,

The sprightly and the vigorous same. On the Altar let it ever burn,
And sacrifice its ancient name:

A Tablet on my heart, next I'le prepare Where I would draw the Holy Sepulchre,

Behind

Behind it a foft Landskip I would lay
Of melancholly Golgotha!

On th' Altar let me all my spoils lay down,.

And if I had One, there I'de hang my Laurel
(Crown.

Give me the Pandetts of the Law Divine,
Such was the Law made Moses face to shine.
Thus beyond Saturns heavy Orb I'le towre,
And laugh at his malicious power,
Raptur'd in Contemplation thus I'le go
Above unactive Earth, and leave the Stars below.

X.

Tost on the wings of every wind,
After these hoverings to and fro;
(And still the waters higher grow)
Not knowing where a resting-place to find,
Whether for Sanctuary should I go

But (Reverend Friend) to you?
You that have triumpht o're th' impetuous flood,
That Noab-like, in bad times durst be good,
And the stiff Torrent manfully withstood,

Can save me too;

One that have long in fear of drowning bin,
Surrounded by the rolling waves of fin,
Do you but reach out a propitious hand
And charitably take me in,
I will not yet despair to see dry land.
'Tis done;—I and no longer sluctuate,
I've made the Church my Ark, and Sions Hill my
(Ararat.

To my Worthy Friend Mr. SAM. WOODFORD on his Excellent Version of the PSALMS.

Pindarique Ode.

Stanza I.

See (worthy friend) what I would do;
(Whom neither Muse nor Art inspire)
That have no Friend in all the sacred Quire,
To shew my kindness for your Book, and you,

Forc'd

Forc'd to disparage, what I would admire;
Bold man, that dares attempt Pindariqu' now,
Since the great Pindar's greatest Son
From the ingrateful Age is gone,
Cowley has bid th' ingrateful Age adieu;
Apollo's rare Columbus, he
Found out new words of Poesie:
He, like an Eagle, soar'd alost;
To seize his noble prey;
Yet as a Dove's, his Soul was soft,
Quiet as Night, but bright as Day:
To Heaven in a fiery Chariot He
Ascended by Seraphiqu' Poëtry;

. H.

Yet which of us dull Mortals since can find Any inspiring Mantle, that He lest behind?

His powerful numbers might have done you right;
He could have spar'd you immortality,
Under that Chieftain's Banners you might fight
Assured of Lawrels, and of Victory
Over devouring time, and sword, and fire,
And Jove's important ire:

C 4

My humble Verse would better sing David the Shepherd, than the King; And yet methinks 'tis stately to be one

(Tho of the meaner fort,)

Of them that may approach a Princes Throne,

If 'twere but to be feen at Court.

Such (Sir) is my ambition for a name,

Which I shall rather take from you, than give,

For in your Book I cannot miss of Fame,

But by contact shall live.

Thus on your Chariot Wheel shall I Ride safe, and look as big as Æsop's Fly,

Who from th' Olympian Race new come, And now triumphantly flown home, To's neighbours of the fwarm, thus, proudly faid, Don't you remember what a dust I made!

III.

Where e're the Son of Jesse's Harp shall found,
Or Israel's sweetest Songs be sung,
(Like Sampson's Lion sweet and strong)
You and your happy Muse shall be renown'd,
To whose kind hand the Son of Jesse owes

His last deliverance from all his Foes.

Blood-thirty Saul less barbarous than they,

His person only sought to kill;
These did his deathless Poems slay,
And sought immortal blood to spill,
To sing whose Songs in Babylon would be

A new Captivity:

Deposed by these Rebels, you alone Restor'd the Glorious David to his Throne. Long in disguise the Royal Prophet lay,

Long from his own thoughts banished, Ne're since his death 'till this illustrious day Was Scepter in his hand, or Crown plac'd on his (Head:

He feem'd as if at Gath he still had bin, As once before proud Achish he appear'd, His Face besmear'd,

With spittle on his sacred Beard,
A laughing-stock to the insulting Philistine.
Drest in their Rhimes, he lookt as he were mad,
In Tysue you, and Tyrian Purple have him clad.

On the Death of the truly valiant

GEORGE

Duke of

ALBEMARLE.

Pindarique Ode.

Stanza I.

Now blush thy self into consussion
Ridiculous Mortality;
With indignation to be trampled on
By them that Court Eternity;
Whose Generous Deeds, and Prosperous State
Seem poorly set within the reach of Fate,
Whose every Trophy, and each Lawrel wreath
Depends upon a little breath;
Consin'd within the narrow bounds of time,
And of incertain age,
With doubtful hazards they engage, (climb;
Thrown down, while victory bids them higher
Their

Their Glories are eclips'd by Death, Hard circumstances of Illustrious Men Whom nature (like the Scythian Prince) detain's

Within the Bodies chains

(Nature that rigorous Tamberlain)
Stout Bajazet disdain'd the barbarous rage
Of that insulting Conquerour,

Bravely himself usurp't his own expiring power,
By dashing out his Brains against his Iron Cage.

II.

But 'tis incident to complain,
And wretched Mortals curse their stars in vain,
In vain they waste their tears for them that die,
Themselves involv'd in the same destiny,
No more with forrow let it then be said

The Glorious Albemarle is dead; Let what is faid of Him triumphant be,

> Words as gay, as His Fame, And as manly as his Name, Words as ample as his Praise, And as verdant as his Bayes,

An Epinicion, not an Elegy.

Yet why should'st thou, ambitious Muse, believe Thy gloomy Verse, can any splendors give, Or make him one small Moment longer live? Nothing but what is vulgar thou canst say;

Or misbecoming numbers fing
What tribute to his memory canst thou pay,
Whose Vertue sav'd a Crown, and could oblige a
(King?

III.

By her unnatural Off-spring torn,
Once the Worlds terrour, then its scorn,
At home a Prison, and abroad a Prey:
Her valiant Youth, her valiant Youth did kill,
And mutual blood did spill,
Usurpers then, and many a Mushroom Peer
Within her Palaces did domineer;
There did the Vulture build his Nest,
There the Owls, and Satyrs rest,
By Zim and Ohim all posses,
Till England's Angel Guardian, Thou,
With pity, and with anger mov'd
For Albion thy belov'd,
(Olive

(Olive Chapplets on thy brow)
With bloudless hands upheld'st her drooping head,
And with thy Trumpets call'dst her from the dead.

Bright Phosper to the rising Sun!
That Royal Lamp, by Thee did first appear
Usher'd into our happy Hemisphære;

O may it ftill shine bright and clear!

No Cloud, nor Night approach it, but a constant

(Noon!

· IV.

Nor thus did thy undaunted Valour cease;
Or wither with unactive peace:
Scarce were our Civil broyls allay'd,
While yet the wound of an intestine War,
Had left a tender scar,

When of our new Prosperities astraid,
Our Jealous Neighbours satal Arms prepare;
In sloating Groves the Enemy drew near,

Loud did the Belgian Lyon roar,

*Ipon our Coasts th' Armada did appear,
And boldly durst attempt our native shore,
Fill his victorious Squadrons checke their pride,
And did in Triumph o're the Ocean ride.

With

20

With thunder, lightning, and with clouds of smoke He did their Insolence restrain,
And gave his dreadful Law to all the main,
Whose surly billows trembled when he spoke,
And put their willing necks under his Yoke;
This the stupendious Vanquisher has done,
Whose high Prerogative it was alone
To raise a ruin'd, and secure an envy'd Throne.

V.

Then angry Heav'n began to frown,
From Heaven a dreadful Pestilence came down,
On every side did lamentations rise,
Baleful sigh, and heavy groan,
All was plain't, and all was moan!
The pious Friend with trembling love,
Scarce had his latest kindness done,
In sealing up his dead Friends eyes,
Ere with his own surprizing fate he strove,
And wanted one to close his own,
Death's Iron Scepter bore the sway
O're our Imperial Golgotha,
Yet he with kind, though unconcerned eyes,

Durst stay and see those numerous Tragedies. He in the field had seen Death's greisly shape.

He in the field had feen Death's greifly shape,
Heard him in Volleys talk aloud
Beheld his Grandeur in a glittering Croud,
And unamaz'd feen him in Cannons gape:
Ever unterrified His Valour stood
Like some tall Rock amid'st a Sea of Blood:
Twas loyalty from Sword and Pest kept him alive,
The safest Armour, and the best Preservative.

VI.

The flaming City next implor'd his Aid,
And feafonably pray'd (obey'd,
'His force against the Fire, whose Arms the Seas
Wide did th' impetuous torrent spread,
Then those goodly Fabricks fell,

Temples themselves promiscuously there
Drop't down, and in the common ruin buried
The City turned into one Mongibel: (were,
The haughty Tyrant shook his curled head,

His breath with vengeance black, his face with (fury red.

Then every cheek grew wan and pale, Every heart did yield and fail,

Nought

Nought but Thy Presence could its Power sup-Whose stronger light put out the loss, (press As London's noble Structures rise, Together shall His Memory grow, To whom that beauteous Fown so much does owe. London! joynt Favourite with Him Thou wer't, 'As both possess a Room within one heart, So now with thine indulgent Soversign joyn, Respect his great Friends asses, for He wep't o're (Thine.

VH.

Thus did the Duke perform his mighty Stage,
Thus did that Atlast of our State,
With his Prodigious Acts amaze the Age,
While Worlds of wonders on his fhoulders fate,

Full of Glories, and of Years,
He trod his shining, and immortal way,
Whilst Albion compass'd with new floods of rears
Besought his longer stay.

Prophane that Pen, that dares describe thy bliss, Or write thine Apos bevsis!

Whom Heaven and thy Prince to pleasure strove, Entrusted with their Armies and their Love.

Id

In other Courts 'tis dangerous to deserve,
Thou did'st a kind, and grateful Master serve,
Who, to express his Gratitude to Thee,
Scorn'd those ill-natur'd arts of Policy.

Happy had Relliferius bin
(Whose forward sortune was his sin)

By many Victories undone,

He had not liv'd neglected, dy'd obscure,

If for thy Prince those Battels he had won, Thy Prince, magnificent above his Emperour.

VIII.

Among the Gods, those Gods that dy'd like thee;
As great as theirs, and full of Majesty

Thy facred Dust shall sleep secure,
Thy Monument as long as theirs endure:
There, free from envy, Thou with them,
Shalt have thy share of Diadem;

Among their Badges shall be set.

Thy Garter and thy Coronet;

Or (which is statelyer) thou shalt have

A Maufolaum in thy Prince's breaft,

There thine embalmed name shall rest;

That Sanctuary shall thee save,

From the dishonours of a Regal Grave:

And every wondrous History,

Read by incredulous Posterity,

That writes of sim, shall honourably mention thee,

Who by an humble Loyalty has't shown,

How much sublimer gallantry, and renown

Tis to restore, than to asurp a Monarchs Grown.

The Retirement.

Pindarique Ode made in the time of the Great Sickness 1665.

Stanza I.

When a cool Breeze had fann'd the Air,

And Heaven's face look't smooth and fair;

Lovely as sleeping Infants be,

That in their slumbers similingly,

Dandled on the Mothers knee,

11.

No harsh, nor inharmonious voice,
But all is innocence without a noise:
When every sweet, which the Sun's greedy ray
So lately from us drew,
Began to trickle down again in dew;
Weary, and faint, and full of thought,

Weary, and faint, and full of thought,
Tho' for what cause I knew not well,
What I ail'd, I could not tell,
I sate me down at an ag'd Poplars root,

Whose chiding leaves excepted and my breast,

All the impertinently-busi'd-word inclin'd to rest.

II.

I list ned heedfully around,
But not a whisper there was found.
The murmuring Brook hard by,
As heavy, and as dull as I,
Seem'd drowsily along to creep;
It ran with undiscovered pace,
And if a Pebble stopt the lazy race,
'Twas but as if it started in its sleep,

Eccho her self, that ever lent an ear
To any pitcous tone;

Wont

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Wont to grone, with them that grone,

Eccho her self was speechless here.

Thrice did I sigh, Thrice miserably cry,

Ai me! the Nymph ai me! would not reply,

Or churlish, or she was a sleep for company.

III.

I thought on every pensive thing,

That might my passion strongly move;

That might the sweetest sadness bring;

Oft did I think on Death, and oft of Love,

The triumphs of the little God, and that same

(gastly King;

The gastly King, what has he done?

How his pale Territories spread!

Strait scantlings now of consecrated ground

His swelling Empire cannot bound,

But every day new Colonies of dead

Enhance his Conquests, and advance his Throne.

The mighty City sav'd from storms of war,

Exempted from the Crimson Flood,

When all the Land o're flow'd with blood,

Stoop's yet once more at a new Conqueror:

The

The City which so many Rivals bred, Sackcloath is on her loyns, and ashes on her head.

IV.

When will the frowning Heav'n begin to smile;
Those pitchy clouds be overblown,
That hid the mighty Town,
That I may see the mighty pyle!
When will the angry Angel cease to slay:

And turn his brandish fword away

From that illustrous Golgotha,

London, the great Actidum's

When will that stately Landsape open lie, The mist withdrawhithm intercepts my eye!

That heap of Pywamidz appear,

Which now, too much like those of Egypt are:

Eternal Monuments of Pride and Sin,

Magnificent and tall without, but Dead mens bones (within.

D 3 Translated

Translated out of a Part of

Petronius Arbiters Satyricon.

T.

Afrer a blustring tedious night,
The winds now hush't, and the black tempest o're,
Which the crazy vessel miserably tore,

Behold a lamentable fight!
Rolling far off, upon a briny wave,
Compassionate Philander spi'd

A floating Carcass ride,
That seem'd to beg the kindness of a Grave.

II,

Sad, and concern'd *Philander* then Weigh'd with himself the frail, uncertain state Of silly, strangely disappointed men,

Whose projects are the sport of Fate, Perhaps (said he) this poor man's desolate wise In a strange Country sar away, Expects some happy day,
This gastly thing, the comfort of her life:

III.

His Son it may be dreads no harm,
But kindly waits his Fathers coming home,
Himself secure, he apprehends no storm,
But fancies that he sees him come.
Perhaps this good old man, that kist this Son,
And left a blessing on his head,
His arms about him spread,
Hopes yet to see him e're his Glass be run.

IV.

These are the Grand Intrigues of man,
These his huge thoughts, and these his vast desires
Restless, and swelling like the Ocean
From his birth till he expires.
See where the naked, breathless body syes
To every pust of wind a slave,
At the beck of every wave,
That once perhaps war sair, rich, stout, and wise!

While thus Philander pensive said, Touch't only with a pity for Mankind, At nearer view, he thought he knew the Dead,

And call'd the wretched Man to mind Alas, said he, art thou that angry Thing, That with thy looks did'it threaten Death.

Plagues and Destruction breath, But two days fince, little beneath a King

Ai me! where is thy fury now, Thine insolence, and all thy boundless power, O most ridiculously dreadful thou! Expos'd for Beasts and Fishes to devour. Go sottish Mortals, set your Breasts swell high, All your designs laid deep as Hell,

A finall mischance can quell, Outwitted by the deeper Plots of Destiny.

VH.

This haughty Lump a while before
What it would do, when it came fafe on there,
Sooth'd up it felf, perhaps with hopes of Life,
What for It's Son, what for It's Wife;
See where the Man, and all his Politicks lie,
Ye Gods! what Gulphu are fet between,
What we have, and what we ween,
Whilst full'd in dreams of years to come, we die!

VIII.

Nor are we lyable alone,
To misadventures on the mercyless sea,
A thousand other things our Pate bring on,
And Shipwrank reverywhere we be.
One in the tamals of a Battel dies
Big with conceit of Victory,
And routing the Enemy,
With Garlands deckt, himself the Sacrifice.

Another,

IX.

Another, while he pays his vows
On bended knees, and Heaven with tears invokes,
With adorations as he humbly bowes,

With adorations as he humbly bowes,

While with Gums the Altar smoaks,

In th' presence of his God, the Temple falls,

And thus religious in vain

The flatter'd Bigot slain,

Breaths out his last within the facred walls,

X.

Another with Gay Trophies proud,
From his triumphant Chariot overthrown,
Makes pastime for the Gazers of the Croud,
That envi'd him his purchas'd Crown,
Some with full meals, and sparkling bowls of wine,
As if it made too long delay,
Spur on their fatal Day,
Whilst others, (needy Souls) at their's repine.

XL

Confider well, and every place,
Offices a ready Road to thy long bosne, (fine
Sometimes with frowns, formetimes with failing
Th' Ambaniadors of Death docome.
By open force or fecret ambalcade,
By unintelligible ways,
We end our anxious days,

XII.

And flock the large Plantations of the Dead,

But (some may say) 'tis very hard,
With them, whom heavy chance has Cast away,
With no solemnities at all interr'd,
To roam unburi'd on the Sea:
No—'tis all one where we receive our doom,
Since, somewhere, 'tis our certain let
Our Carcases must rot,
And they whom heaven covers need no Tomb.

1, 22.5

A Thought of DEATH.

Full of forrow, full of anguish,
Full of forrow, full of anguish,
Fainting, gasping, trembling, crying,
Panting, groaning, speechless, dying,
My Soul just now about to take her slight
Into the Regions of evernal night;

Oh tell me you,
That have been long below,
What shall I do?

What shall I think, when cruel Death appears, That may extenuate my fears!

Methinks I hear some Gentle Spirit say,

Be not fearful, come away!

Think with thy felf that now thou shalt be free,
And find thy long expected liberty,

Better thou mayest, but worse thou can'st not be
Than in this Vale of Tears, and Misery.

Like Casar, with assurance that come on,

And

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And unamaz'd, attempt the Lawrel Crown, That lyes on th' other fide Death's Rubicon.

Psalm 39. Verses 4th, 5th.

VERSE 4th.

I Ord let me know the Period of my Age,
The length of this my weary Pilgrimage,
How long this miserable Life shall last,
This Life that stayes so long, yet sies so fast!

VERSE 5th.

Thou by a Span measurest those days of mine,
Eternity's the spacious bound of Thine:
Who shall compare this little Span with thee,
With Thine Incomprehensibility:
Man born to trouble leaves this World with pain,
His best Estate is altogether vain.

Hymn for the Morning.

Wake my Soul! Awake mine eyes! Awake my drowlie faculties; 15 Awake and fee the new born Light Spring from the darkfome womb of Night! Look up and see th' unwearied Sungariation Already is his Race begun: 11 19 11 11 11 11 The pretty Larkis mounted high, in: 2 10 well And fings her Mattins in the Sky ; 10 10 11 111 11 Arife my Soul! and thou my voice In Songs of Praise, early rejoyce! O Great Creator! Heavenly King! Thy Praises let me ever sing! Thy Power has made, thy Goodness kept This fenceless Body while I slept, while it is the first Yet one day more hast given me From all the Powers of darkness free: O keep my heart from Sin fecure, My Life unblameable and pure, That when the last of all my Days is come, Chearful and fearless I may wait my Doom. Anthem

Anthem for the Evening.

Leep! downy fleep! come dose my eyes, OTyr'd with beholding Vanities! Sweet flumbers come and chase away The toiles and follies of the day: On your fost bosom will I lie, Forget the World and learn to die. O Ifraels watchful Shepheard spread Tents of Angels round my Bed: Let not the Spirits of the Aire, While I slumber, me ensuare; But fave thy Suppliant free from harms, Class't in thine everlasting Arms. Glouds and thick darkness is thy Throne, Thy wonderful Pavilion: Oh dart from thence a shining Ray, And then my midnight shall be Day! Thus when the morn in Crimfon drest, Breaks through the Windows of the East, My Hymns of thankful Praises shall arise Like Incense or the morning Secrifice. 9177

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DEATH

SONG:

H the fad Day, When Friends theil thake their heads and fay Of miserable me. Hark how he groans, look how he punts for breath. See how he struggles with the pangs of Death 1 When they shall say of these poor eyes; How hollow, and how dim they be, Mark how his Breaft does swell and rife; Against his potent Enemy !? When some old Friend shall step to my Bed-fide, Touch my chill face, and thence shall gently slides And when his next Companions fay, How does he do? what hopes? firall turn aways Answering only with a lift up hand, Who can his Fate withfland? Then shall a gasp or two do more Than e're my Rhetorick could before, Perswade the prevish world to trouble me no more

The Happy Man.

Eaceful is he, and most secure, Whose heart; and actions all are pure; How smooth and pleasant is his way, Whilst Life's Meander slides away If a fierce Thunderbolt do flie. This Man can unconcerned lie: Knows'tis not levell'd at his head. So neither noise, nor flash can dread: Tho' a swift Whirlwind tear in sunder Heav'n above him, or Earth under a Tho' the Rocks on heaps do tumble, Or the World to Ashes crumble, Tho' the stupendious Mountains from on high Drop down, and in their humble Vallies lies Should the unruly Ocean roar, And dash its Foam against the Shore; He finds no Tempest in his mind, Fears no Billow, feels no Wind:

All is ferene, all quiet there,
There's not one blast of troubled Air,
Old Stars may fall, or new ones blaze,
Yet none of these his Soul amaze,
Such is the man can smile at inksome death,
And with an easie sigh give up his breath.

ON

Mr. JOHNSON'S

Several Shipmracks.

Lie that has never yet acquainted been With cruel chance, nor Vertue naked seen, Strip't from th' advantages (which vices wear) Of happy, plausible, successful, sair; Nor learn't how long the lowring cloud may last, Wherewith her beauteons face is overcast, 'Till she her native glories does recover, And shine's more bright, after the Steem is over; To be inform'd, he need no further go, Than this Divine Epitome of woe;

In Johnson's Life, and Writings he may find,
What Homer in his Odysses designed,
A vertuous Man, by miserable fate,
Rendred ten thousand ways unfortunate;
Sometimes within a leaking Vessel tost,
All hopes of life, and the lov'd Shore quite lost,
While hidden Sands, and every greedy Wave,
With horror gap't themselves into a Grave;
Sometimes upon a Rock with fury thrown,
Moaning himself, where none could hear his mone;
Sometimes cast out upon the barren sand,
Expos'd to th' mercy of a Barbarous Land;

Such was the Pious Johnson, 'till kind Henyemen's.'

A bleffed End to all his toils had given:

To shew, that vertuous men, tho' they appear, it's But Fortune's sport, are Providence's care, and it

An Explanation of an

EMBLEM

engraven by V. H.

PER thou those Raies, the Light bove them? And that gay thing the Diadem? The Wheel and Balance, which are ty'd To th' Gold, black Clouds on either fide? Se'st thou the winged Trumpetters withal, That Rick the World's blew tottering Ball? The flying Globe, the Glass thereon, Those fragments of a Skeleton? The Baies, the Psalms, the Fighting men; And written Scroul?—Come tell me then, Did thy o're curious eye e'r see An apter Scheme of Misery? What's all that Gold and sparkling Stones To that bald Scull, to those Cross Bones? What mean those Blades (whom men adore) To stain the Earth with purple gore? Sack



Sack stately Towns, silk Banners spread,
Gallop their Coursers o're the Dead,
Far more than this? and all to sway
But till those sands shall glide away.
For when the Bubble World shall sly
With stretch's out Plumes, when the brisk eye
Shall close with anguish, sink with tears,
And th' Angels Trumpets pierce our ears,
What's haughty Man or those sine things,
Which Heaven calls Men, though Men stile Kings?
Vain World adjeu! and sarewel fond renown!
Give me the Glory, that's above the Crown!

Fy a less controller of the first of the fir

They are my constant Friends,
Who, when harsh Fate its dull brow bends,
Uncloud me with a smiling Ray,
And in the depth of midnight force a day.

3 76 6

When

POE MS

M

Longrammer in great despitated Longrammer in great

When I retire, and fleo
The busic throngs of Company \$
To hug my felf in privacy;

O the discourse! the pleasant talk,

Twixt us (iny thoughts) along a lonely walk

a title of grandle line there

You like the flupilying Wine inworThe dying malefactors lip.

T'abate the rigour of their Doom,
By a less troublous cut to their long home;
Make me flight Crosses, though they pil'd up lie,
All by th' enchantments of an extasse.

My gors! What Methey?

Do I delire to fee the Throne and Majelty to be that proud one

Brother and Unkle to the Stars and Sun?

When

Those

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Those can conduct me where such Toyes reside, And wast me cross the Main, sans wind and side.

V.

Would I descrie

Those radiant Mansions bove the Skie,
Invisible by Mortal eye?

Invisible by Mortal eye?

My Thoughts, my Thoughts can lay

A shining Track thereto,

And mimbly fleeting go:

Through all the eleven Orbs can shove a way.

These too, like Jacob's Ladder, are

A most Angelick thorough-fare.

VI

The Wealth that Alines

anoda bare

In th' Oriental Mines,;

Those sparkling Gems which Nature keeps Within her Cabinets, the Deeps,

The Verdent Fields,

The Randies the Rich World yields

Rare Structures, whose each gilded spire of Glimers like Lightning; which while men admire.

E 4

They

They deem the neighbouring Skie on fire,
These can I gaze upon and glut mine eyes
With Myriads of varieties.

As on the front of Pilgab, I Can th' Holy Land through these my Opticks spic-

VII.

The peevish rage of men,
Whose violence ne'r can divorce
Our mutual amity;
Or lay so damn'd a Curse

As non addresses, 'twixt my thoughts and me:

For though I figh in Irons, They

Use their old freedom, readily obey;

And when my bosome friends desert me, 'stay.'

VIII.

Come then my darlings, I'de embrage
My Priviledge, make known
The high prerogative I own

By making all allurements give you place;

Whole sweet society to they gill

i. 4

Lung

57

A fanctuary and a shield shall be the first the first Quivers of my Destiny?

Against THOUGHTS

Į.

Loud as the Billows when they roan,

More dreadful than the hideous thunder cracks.

Foes inappeasable! that slay

My best contents, around me stand,

Each like a Fury, with a Torch in hand;

And fright me from the hopes of one good Day.

January Harding

When I feelude my felf, and fay
How frolick will I be,
Unfetter'd from my Company
The bath me in felicity I
In come these Guelts,
Which Harppelike doubtemy Fealts,
Oh

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Oh the damn'd Dialogues, the curied talk 'Twixt us (my Thoughts) along a fullen walk.

ĮII,

You, like the poylonous Wing.
The Gallants quaff
To make 'em laugh,
And yet at last endure

From thence the tortures of a Calendara. Fool me with feign'd refections, till I lie Stark raveing in a Bedlam extalic.

īV.

Do:I dread

The Starry Throne and Majesty

Of that High God,

Who batters Kingdoms with an Iron Rod,

And makes the Mountains stagger with a nod?

That fits upon theighorious Bow. Smiling at changes here below.

These goad me to his grand Tribunal, where They tell me I with horror must appear, And antedate amazements by grim fear.

Woul

V.

Would I descry

Those happy Soul's bleit Manisons bove the Sky, Invisible by moftal eye,

And in a noble speculation trace

A journey to that shining place?

Can I afford a sigh or two,

Or breath a Wilh that I might thither go:

These clip my Plumes, and chill my blazing Love.
That O I cannot; cannot four above.

(SWI)

The Fire that thines

In Subrerranean Mines,

The Chrystall'd streams,

The fulphur Rocks that glow upon.

The torrid banks of Phlegeton;

Those sooty Fiends which Nature keeps

Bolted and barr'd up in the deeps;

Black Caves wide Chasms which who see confess

Types of the Pit so deep, so bottomless!

Thele

These mysteries, though I sain would not behold,
You to my view unfold:
Like an Old Roman Criminal, to the high

Tarpeian Hill you force me up, that I
May so be hurried headly down, and Die,

VII.

Mention not then
The strength, and faculties of men;
Whose Arts cannot expell
These anguishes, this bosome-Hell.
When down my aking head I lay
In hopes to slumber them away;

Perchance I do beguile The Tyranny a while,

One or two minutes, then they throng again, And reassault me with a trebled pain:

Nay though I lob in Fetters, they Spare me nor then; perplex me each fad day, And whom a very Turk would pity, flay,

Hence,

POEMS:

VIII.

Hence, Hence, (my Jaylors!) Thoughts be Let my Tranquillities alone. (gone,

Shall I imbrace

A Crocodile; or place My choice affections on the fatal Dart;

That stabs me to the heart?

I hate your curst proximity,

Worse than the venom'd arrows heads that be

Cramm'd in the quivers of my Destiny.

A Dooms-Day I bought.

Anno 1659.

JUdgment! two syllables can make
The haughtiest Son of Adam shake,
'Tis coming, and 'twill surely come
The dawning to that Day of Doom;
Oth' morning blush of that dread day,
When Heav'n and Earth shall steal away,

Shall

88

Shall in their Pristine Chaos hide, Rather than th' angry Judge abide : Tis not far off; methinks Liee Among the Stars some dummer be; Some tremble, as their Lamps did fear A Neighbouring Extinguisher. The greater Luminaries fail, Their Glories by Eclipses vail. Knowing e're long their borrow'd Light Must link in th' Universal Night, When I behold a Mist arise, Strait to the same astonish't Eyes. Th' afcending Clouds do's represent. A Scene of th' smoaking Firmament. Oft when I hear a bluftering Wind With a tempestuous murmur joyn'd. I phancy, Nature in this blast, Practice's how to breath her Last. Or figh's for poor Mans milery, Or pant's for fair Eternity.

Go to the dull Church-yard; and see Those Hillocks of Mortality.

POEMS

Where proudest Man is only found:
By a small swelling in the Ground;
What Crouds of Carcasses are made.
Slave to the Pickax and the Spade!
Dig but a foot, or two, to make
A Cold Bed; for thy dead Friends sake;
'Tis odds but in that scantling room,
Thou robb'st another of his Tomb;
Or in thy delving smit'st upon
A Shinbone, or a Cranion;

When th' Prison's full, what next can be
But the Grand Goal Delivery?
The Great Asize, when the pale Clay
Shall gape, and render up its Prey;
When from the Dungeon of the Grave
The meager Throng themselves shall heave,
Shake off their Linnen Chains, and gaze
With wonder, when the world shall blaze,
Then climb the Mountains, scale the Rocks,
Force op'n the Deep's Eternal Locks,
Besech-the Clists to lend an Ear,
Obdurate they, and will not hear.

POEMS.

What? ne're a Cavern ne're a Grot
To cover from the common Lot?
No quite forgotten Hold, to ly
Obscur'd, and pass the reck'ning by?
No—Ther's a quick all piercing Eye
Can through the Earth's dark Center pry;
Search into th' bowels of the Sea,
And comprehend Eternity.

What shall we do then, when the voice Of the shrill Trump with strong sierce noise Shall pierce our Ears, and summon all To th' Universe wide Judgment-Hall? What shalt we do, we cannot hide, Nor yet that scrutiny abide: When enlarg'd Conscience loudly speaks; And all our bosom-secrets breaks; When slames surround, and greedy Hell Gapes for a Booty, (who can dwell With everlasting Burnings!) when Irrevocable words shall pass on Men; Poor naked Men, who sometimes, thought These frights perhaps would come to nought!

What

What shall we do! we cannot run
For Refuge, or the strict Judge shun?
Tis too late then to think what course to take,
While we live here, we must provision make.

Virtus sola manet, cætera mortis erunt.

I.

Pactolus alveo sumina; que magis
Potatur Hermus, tanto avaræ
Mentis Hydrops stibundus ardet:

Control on the first main that, we want

Frustra caduci carceris incola

Molirer Arces; quilibet angulus

Sat ossa post manes reponet;

Eniguum satis est Sepalchrum.

mi.

Nil stemma penso, nil titulos moror, Cerásve áviti sanguinis indices, Sunt ista fatorum, inque Lethes Naufragium patientur undis.

a 🙀 e sich aus i 🛴 🛣

Ergo in quieto pectoris ambita

Quid Mens anhelas fulgura gloria,

Laudésque inanes, & loquacem

Qua populi sedet ore, famam.

V.

Letho superses giorià, somnii
Dulcedo vana est, fama malignior,
Nil tangit umbras, nec feretrum
Ingreditur Popularis Aura

VI.

Mansura sector, sota sed invida Expers Sepulchri sydera trajicit,

Some Hander

Spernénsque fatorum tumultus Pellit humum generosa Virtus,

VII.

Praceps novorum catera mensum Consumet atas, serâque temporis Delebit annosi vetustas Utopica nova Regna Luna.

Translated.

I.

Never thirsted for the Golden Flood,
Which o're Pattolus wealthy fands do's roul,
From whence the covetous mind receives no good,
But rather swells the dropsie of his Soul.

Ħ.

On Pallaces why should I set my Mind,
Imprison'd in his Bodies mouldring clay?

Ere long to poor six foot of Earth confin'd,
Whose bones must crumble enhe satalday.

Titles

III.

Titles and Pedigrees, what are they to me, Or honour gain'd by our Fore-Fathers toil, The Sport of Fate, whose gaudiest Pageantry Lethe will wash out, dark Oblivion soyl?

IV.

Why then (my Soul) who fain would be at ease,
Should the Worlds glory dazle thy bright Eye?
Thy self with vain applause why should st thou
(please,
Or dote on Fame, which Fools may take from

Sometimes water to Very sales

Praise after death is but a pleasant dream,

The Dead fare ne'r the worse for ill report;

The Ghosts below know nothing of a Name,

Nor ever Popular Carcasses court,

Junios grap VI godina

Give me the lasting Good, Vertue, that slies, Above the Clouds, that tramples on dull Earth, Exempt

POEMS.

Exempt from Fates tumultuous Mutinies,

Vertue, that cannot need a second Birth:

VII.

All other things must bend their heads to Time, By Ages mighty Torrent born away, Hereaster no more thought on than my Rhime, Or Faëry Kingdoms in Utopia.

Psalm 15. Paraphras'd.

VERSE I.

That happy man whose feet shall tread the Road Up Sion's Hill, that Holy Hill of God.

VERSE II.

He that's devout and strict in all he does
That through the sinful World uprightly goes,
The desp'rate heights from whence the great ones
(Giddy with same) turn not his head at all: (fall)

Stands firm on Honours pinnacle, and so Fears not the dreadful precipice below. Of Conscience, not of Man, he stands in awe, Just to observe each tittle of the Law! His words and thoughts bear not a double part, His breast is open, and he speaks his heart.

VERSE III.

He that reviles not, or with cruel words,
(Deadly as venome, sharp as two edg'd swords)
Murthers his Friends repute, nor dares believe,
That Rumour which his neighbour's soul may
(grieve:

But with kind words embalms his bleeding Name, Wipes off the rust, and polishes his same.

VERSE IV.

He in whose eyes the bravest sinners be
Extreamly vile, though rob'd in Majesty;
But if he spies a righteous man (though poor)
Him he can honour, love, admire, adore,
In Israel's humbled plains had rather stay,
Than in the Tents of Kedar bear the sway:

He that severely keeps his sacred vow,
No mental reservation dares allow,
But what he swears, intends; will rather dy,
Lose all he has, than tell a solemn Ly.

VERSE V.

He that extorts not from the needy Soul, When Laws his Tyranny cannot controul; He whom a thousand Empires cannot hire, Against a guiltless person to conspire.

He that has these persections, needs no more What treasures can be added to his store:
The Pyramids shall turn to dust, to hide
Their own vast bulk, and haughty Founders pride.
Leviathan shall dye within his deep;
The eyes of Heaven close in eternal sleep;
Consusion may o'rewhelm both Sea, and Land;
Mountains may tumble down, but he shall stand.

J O B

Yet frequent Troubles antedate his death:
Gay like a flow'r he comes, which newly grown,
Fades of it felf, or is untimely mown:
Like a thin Aëry shadow does he slie,
Lengthning and shortning still until he die:
And does Jehovah think on such a one,
Does he behold him from his mighty throne?
Will he contend with such a worthless thing,
Or Dust and Ashes into Judgment bring?

Unclean, unclean is man ev'n from the Womb, Unclean he falls into his drowzy Tomb. Surely, he cannot answer God, nor be Accounted pure, before such purity.

Nudus

Nudus Redibo.

A man among the Sons of Misery,
Tender, unarm'd, helpless and quite forlorn
E're since 'twas my hard fortune to be born;
And when the space of a few weary days
Shall be expir'd, then must I go my ways.
Naked I shall return, and nothing have,
Nothing wherewith to bribe my hungry grave.

Then what's the proudest Monarch's glittering (Robe,

Or what's he more, than I that rul'd the Globe? Since we must all without distinction die, And slumber both stark naked, He and I.

ıb,

ut

POEMS.

74

AN ELEGY

On the EARL of

SANDWICH

F there were ought in Verse, at once could raise, Or tender pity, or immortal praise, Thine Obsequies, brave Sandwich would require What ever would our nobler thoughts inspire; But since thou find'st by thy unhappy fate, What 'tis to be unfortunately Great, And purchase Honour at too dear a rate ; The Muses best attempt, how e're design'd, Cannot but prove impertinently kind, Thy glorious Valour is a Theam too high, For all the humble Arts of Poësie. To fide with chance, and Kingdoms over-run Are little things Ambitious Men have done; But on a flaming Ship thus to despise That life, which others did so highly prize:

To fight with Fire, and struggle with a Wave, And Neptune with unwearied Arms out brave, Are deeds surpassing sabulous Chronicle, And which no suture Age can parallel; Leviathan himself's outdone by Thee, Thou greater wonder of the Deep, than he: Nor could the Deep thy mighty Ashes hold, The Deep that swallows Diamonds and Gold, Fame ev'n thy sacred Relicks, does pursue, Richer than all the Treasures of Peru: While the kind Sea, thy breathless body brings Sase to the bed of Honour and of Kings.

An Epitaph on the Earl of

SANDWICH.

That triumph't o're the Ocean;
Who for his Country nobly courted death,
And dearly fold his glorious Breath,

A

Or in a word, in this cold narrow Grave

Sandwich the Good, the Great, the Brave,

(Oh frail Estate of Sublunary things!)

Lyes equal here with Englands greatest Kings.

PASTORAL:

Ī.

A T break of day poor Celadon

Hard by his Sheepfolds walk't alone,

His Arms a cross, his Head bow'd down,

His Oaten Pipe besides him thrown,

When Thirsis hidden in a Thicket by,

Thus heard the discontented Shepherd cry.

II.

What is it Celadon has done,
That all his Happiness is gone!
The Curtains of the dark are drawn,
And chearful morn begins to dawn,

ί.

Yet in my breast 'tis ever dead of night, That can admit no beam of pleasant light.

VIII.

You pretty Lambs do leap and play
To welcom the new kindled day,
Your Shepherd harmless, as are you,
Why is he not as frolick too!
If such disturbance th' Innocent attend,
How differs he from them that dare offend!

in the late IV. the second

Ye Gods! or let me die, or live,

If I must die, why this reprieve?

If you would have me live, O why

Is it with me as those that die!

I faint, I gasp, I pant, my eyes are set,

My Cheeks are pale, and I am living yet,

Ye Gods! I never did withold
The fattest Lamb of all my fold,

POEMS.

But on your Alters laid it down,
And with a Garland did it crown.

Is it in vain to make your Alter imoke?

Is it all one, to please, and to provoke?

78

VI.

Time was that I could fit and smile,
Or with a dance the Time beguile,
My Soul like that smooth lake was still,
Bright as the Sun behind you Hill,
Like yonder stately Mountain clear, and high,
Swift, soft, and gay as that same Buttersly.

VII.

But now Within there's Civil War,
In arms my rebel Passions are,
Their old Allegiance laid aside,
The Traitors now in Triumph ride;
That many headed Monster has thrown down
Its lawful Monarch Reason, from its Throne.

VIII.

See unrelenting Sylvia, See,
All this, and more is long of Thee:
For e'r I faw that charming face,
Uninterrupted was my peace,
Thy glorious beamy eyes have struck me blind,
To my own Soul the way I cannot find.

İX.

Yet is it not thy fault nor mine
Heav'n is to blame, that did not shine
Upon us both with equal Rays,
It made thine bright, mine gloomy days,
To Sylvia beauty gave, and riches store,
All Celadon's offence is, he is poor.

X.

Unlucky Stars poor Shepherds have, Whose love is fickle Fortune's Slave; Those golden days are out of date, When every Turtle chose his Mate; Cupid that mighty prince then uncontroul'd, Now like a little Negro's bought and fold.

On the Death of

Mr. Pelham Humfries.

Paftoral Song.

The Shrieks, and heavy Mone
That spread themselves o're all the pensive plain;
And rent the breast of many a tender Swain?
Twas for Amintas, Dead and gone.

Sing ye forsaken Shepherds, sing His Praise

In careless Melancholy Layes,
Lend Him a little doleful Breath:

Poor Amintas! cruel Death!

Twas Thou could'st make Dead words to live,

Thou that dull numbers could'st inspire

With charming Voice, and tuneful Lyre,

That Life to all, but to Thy felf could'ft give;

Why equil's They not the wondrous Art bequeath
Poor Amintas! Cruel Death!
Sing pious Shepherds, while you may.
Before th' approaches of the Fatal Day:
For you your felves that hing this mournful Song,
Alas! e're it be long,
Shall, like Amintas Breathless be,
Though more forgotten in the Grave, than He.

The Mattake.

Ilo Inches Com.

Heard a young Lover in terrible pain. (leak,
From whence if he pleased he might foon be rea
He Swore, and he Vow d again and again,
He could not out live the turnoils of his breaft;
But, alas, the young Lover I found (grounds
Knew little how cold Love would prove under
Why should I believe; priting Love tell me
(why,
Where my own Flesh and Blood must give me the
Lye

POEMS

Let em rant while they will, and their Deltines (brave,

They'l find their flames vanish on this side the

For the all addresses on purpose are made.
To be buddled to bid, - its int meant, with a spade!

The Incredulous.

STONN G.

That Love, (what e'r its fond pretences be)
Is not a flave to mutability,
The Moon and that alike of change partake:

Tears are weak, and cannot bind,

Vowes alas I but empty wind:

The greatest Art that Nature gave.
To th' Amorous Hypocrite to make him kind,
Long e're he dies Will take its leave,
Had you but seen, as I have done,

Had you but leen, as I have done, Strephon's tears, and heard his mone,

HOW

How pale his Cheek, how dim his Eye,
As if with Chloris he refolved to dye;
And when her spotless Soul was fled
Heard his amazing praises of the Dead;
Yet in a very little time address
His stame to another Shepherdess.
In a few days giving his Love the Lya,
You'd be as great an Insidel as I.

Weeping at Parting.

ter airmania de la Pictoria

SONG.

O gende Oriana, go.

Alas! Alas! tis much in vain.

Of their ill usage to complain,

To curse them when we want relief,

Lessens our courage, not our grief:

Dear Oriana wipe thine eye,

The Time may come, that thou, and I

G 2

Shall

1, 15

POEMS.

Shall meet again, long, long to prove

Waat Vigour absence adds to love,

Smile Okiana then, and let me see,

That look again, which stole my liberty.

Years way the engine the factor of the factor and the factor of the fact

But fay that Oriana die,

And that sad moment may be nigh,

The Gods that for a year can sever,

If it please them can part us ever;

They that resresh, can make us weep,

And into Death can lengthen sleep,

Kind Oriana should I hear

The thing I so extreamly fear,

'Twill not be strange, if it be said,

Aster a while, I too, and dead.

View Oriana, weep, for who does know,

Whether we or shall meet again belows.

e for have the silv mear fair.

మెట్లు కారు కార్క్ కృత్వాయిన కారిత్వి. ఆయన సౌకర్ణులు మంది కార్యం

POE MS.

85

The Desperate Lover.

I.

Mighty King of Terrors, come!
Command thy Slave to his long home:
Great Sanctuary Grave! to thee
In throngs the miserable flie;
Encircl'd in thy frozen Arms,
They bid defiance to their harms,
Regardless of those pond'rous little things,
That discompose th' uneasie heads of Kings,

H.

In the cold Earth the Pris'ner lies

Ransom'd from all his miseries,

Himself forgotten, he forgets

His cruel Creditors, and Debts;

And there in everlasting peace

Contentions with their Authors cease.

A Turf of Grass or Monument of Stone, Umpires the pretty competition.

7 22

ALL ALL

The disappointed Lover there,
Breaths not a sigh nor sheds a tear;
With us (fond sools) he never shares
In sad perplexities and cares;
The Willow near his Tomb that grows
Revives his Memory, not his Woes,
Or rain, or shine, he is advanc't above
Th' affronts of Heaven, and stratagems of Love.

ĮV.

Then mighty King of Terrors come,
Command thy Slave to his long home.
And thou my friend that lov'st me best,
Seal up these eyes that brake my rest;
Put out the lights, bespeak my Knell,
And then eternally farewel.
'Tis all th' amends our wretched Fates can give,
That none can force a desperate man to Live.

PORMS

87

The Fargue!

A SONG

Dieu fond World, and all thy Wiles, Thy haughty frowns, and Treacherous for They that behold thee with my eyes, Thy double dealing will despite: From thee false World, my deadly Foe Into some defart let me go; Some gloomy melancholly Gave, Dark and filent as the Grave, Let me withdraw: where I may be From thise impertinencies free: There when I hear the Turtle grone, How fweetly would I make my mone ! Kind Philomet would teach me there My forrows pleasamly to bear: There could I correspond with none But Heaven, and my own breaft alone. Million All 2

88,

The Resolve.

2 (N. 11) 1 kg

NONG ?

| A A . | More than the rel | harmes, nor Grages |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Levell'd by | y Fate with comm | on faces, |
| Yet Damon sould esteem her fair. | | |
| | ω й, | प्रमाणिक पूर्वकार है _{नि} अ क रा |
| Good natu | r'd Love can soon | toren moid booking forgive, bit wom to |
| , The | ofe petty injuries | of time, in the factor |
| And all th' | affronts of years | impute: : pattern . / 5 |
| To | her missortune, n | ot pet crime |
| | ottad i semala s | |

Wedlock put's Love upon the Wrack,

Makea it confess 'gis still the same.

An Icy Age, as it appear'd,

At first when all was lively slame.

LOVE BREE

If Hymen's slaves, whose ears are bord,
Thus constant by compulsion be,
Why should not choice indear us more
Than them their hard necessity.

V.

Phillie? "tis true; thy Glass does run;

But since mine too keeps equal pace,

My filver hairs may trouble thee,

As much as me thy fuin d Face:

VI.

Then let us constant be as Heaven,
Whose Laws inviolable are,
Not like those rambling Meteors there
That foretel ills, and disappear.

VII.

So shall a pleasing calm attend,
Our long uneasie Destiny,
So shall our loves, and lives expire
From Storms and Tempest ever free.

Love's (

POSETMS.

900

LOVE's Brava.

om son G.

There is a beginn way to balle Fate,

If Mortals would but mittdit, And 'tie not hard to find it:

Who would be happy, must be desperate:

He must despise those stars that fright
Only Fools that dread the night,

Time and chance he must out-brave.

He that crouches is their Slave.

of the state of th

Thus the wife Pagans ill at case, Bravely chastized their surly Deities

POEMS

97

The Expedition

SONG.

L

My famish't Soul to Tantalize?

I hop'd for Heav'n, which I had lately idea, H

But ne'r Perceiv'd the Gulph between H

In vain for bliss did my prefumptions seek,

My love for frong

I could not hold my tongue,

My heart so steble that I durit not speak.

11,

Yet why do I my conflicutions blame

Since all my heart is out of frame!

Twere better (fure) my pattion to appeals.

With hope to palliate my diffeate:

And 'twill be formething like Tranquilliey.

To hope for that

I must not compass yet.

And make a Vertue of Necessay.

CORIDON

POEMS.



Coridon Converted.

SONG.

T.

Hen Coridon a Slave did lla,
Entangled in his Phillis eye,
How did he figh! how did he grone!
How melanchely was his tone!
He told his flory to the woods,
And wept his passion by the floods;
But Phillis, cruel Phillis, too too blame,
Regarded not his sufferings, nor his slame,

Ħ,

Then Caridon refolv'd no more
His Mistress Mercy to implore;
How did he laugh, how did he sing!
How did he make the Forrest, sing!
He told his Conquests to the woods,
And drown'd his passions in the sloods:
Then Phillis, cruel Phillis, less severe
Would have had him, But he would none of her.
The



The Humourist.

8 0 N.G.

İ,

Ood faith I never was but once so mad;
To dote upon an idle woman's Face, H
And then alss! my fortune was so bad
To see another chosen in my place, High will
And yet I courted het I'm very sure
With Love as true as his was, and as pure.

But if kever be so fund again.

To undertake the second part of Love, 100 101 1111

To reassume that most unmanlike pain,

Or after shipwrack do the Ocean prove;

My Mistress must be gentle, kind, and see 11221

Or I'le be as indifferent as she.

The contract of the second of the

POEMS.

Hading Bearing

DO.R.G.

Ìį

| A S ibi | or Amelia face atome, I in a second and by a Revuleto Aswing and a |
|--------------|--|
| AH | ard by a Rivulers flow rotal |
| · E | nvious ut Mature's new Boin pride; |
| Her fligh | ted felf; This thus reflected this |
| | तेतले ५८४ हिल्लास्ट्य १७८ हेताहरू हार्य विराह |
| ن ن . | in it is to be an acceptable was, and regar |
| Alas! the | at Nature should revive |
| T | nese flowers, which after Winter's snow |
| | ring fresh agaithand brightershew, a suc |
| | ir Mifer Sex id ill contrive to hat his contri |
| | ្តាក់ក្នុងទីពីពេញអ្នក សេដៅកែន 👝 🤫 🥻 |
| | ၂၈ ပိုင်းမှုနာ <mark>ကြောင်း မိုးကြောင်းသည်</mark> ၁၈၀ ရင်လူသို့ |
| | ke theirs a more lived thing; |
| O | us in vain file did bellow, ni ea a 1 1 1 10 |
| | auty that only once can grow, |
| | na has, but knows no second Spring. |

MEMS How Ideal the Tyres do wield coal When he has writ! And a capty foliging in age iteates. Iy dost thou all address deny? Hard heatted Parthenista, why? See how the riembling lander says a pricion it That from the lipsestagest their depopulation will like X P. Cloris! I hate them all, they know, Nay I have often told them fo; Their filly politick's shhorr'd: I scorn to make my Slave my Lord.

C. But Strepbon's eyes proclaim his Love Too brave, tyrannical to prove:

P. Ah Cloris! when we do fe out pow'r We must obey the Conquerour. C. Yet where a gentle Prince bear's Iway, It is no bondage to obey, In Castols Kinadosa P. Bur if like Nero, for Dwhile 11 1 11 11 A With an Wof kindher wie beguile; How

PO.BMS.

How shall the Tyrant be withstood!
When he has writ his Laws in blood!

C. Love, (Parthenissa) all command's;
It setters Kings in charming bands;
Mars yields his Arms to Child's Thirts.

And Beauty foften's favage hearts.
System desired lis node 10% 1177 7

... heaterodo. benifis, why?

If nothing electric felt this grade for the selection of the selection of the selection of the selection of the selection.

1 Providence of them for

A DIALOGUE

Orpheus and Euridice.

2. Ah Chara when madand at powir

Lylove, my fair, my fair Euridice of the My love, my joy, my life, Alle thou by the In Pluto's Kingdom answer me, appear And come to thy poor Orpheus.

ExperOh I hear,

I hear, dear Orpheus, but I cannot come Beyond the bounds of dull Elizium.

I cannot-

Or. And why wilt thou not draw near ? Is there within these Courts a shade so dear As he that calls thee?

Eur. No, there cannot be A thing so lovely in mine eyes as thee. Orph. Why comes not then Euridice?

Eur. The Fates

The Fates forbid, and these eternal Gates Never unbarr'd, to let a Pris'ner go, Deny me passage, nay grim Cerberus too Stands at the door ---

Orp. But cannot then

They that o're Lethe go, return agen?

Eur. Never, oh never /---

Orp. Sure they may, let's try

If Art can null the Laws of Destiny.

My Layes compacted Thebes, made every Tree Loosen it's roots to caper, come let's see

What thou and I can do?

98

Chor. Perchance the throng
Of Ghosts may be enchanted with a song
And mov'd to Pity.——

Eur. Hark the hinges move The Gate's unbarr'd, Icome, I come my love.

Chorus amborum.

Twas Musick, only Musick, could un-spel Helpless, undone Euridice from Hell.

The Batchelors Song.

I ke a Dog with a Bottle, fast ti'd to his tail, Like Vermin in a trap, or a Thief in a Jail, Or like a Tory in a Bog,

Or an Ape with a Clog:

Such is the man, who when he might go free,

Does his liberty lose,

For a Matrimony noose,

And fells himself into captivity;

The Dog he do's howl, when his bottle does jog,

The

The Vermin, the Thief, and the Tory in vain
Of the trap, of the Jail, of the Quagmire com(plain.

But welfare poor Pug! for he plays with his Clog; And though he would be rid on't rather than his (life,

Yet he lug's it, and he hug's it, as a man does his (wife.

The Second part.

SONG.

And a Bedding,

If a Man might purchase a Wise

For a twelve month and a day;

But to live with her all a man's life,

For ever and for ay,

'Till she grow as gray as a Cat,

Good saith Mr. Parson, I thank you for that.

Advice to an Old Man of fixty three about to Marry a Girle of fixteen.

SONG.

Ow fie upon him! what is Man, Whose Life at best is but a span? When to an Inch it dwindles down, Ice in his bones, Snow on his Crown, That he within his crazy brain, Kind thoughts of Love fhould entertain. That he, when Harvest comes should plow And when 'tis time to reap, go fow, Who in imagination only strong, Tho' twice a Child, can never twice grow young.

· II.

Nature did those design for Fools, That fue for work, yet have no Tools.



What fellow can there be
In such a strange disparity?
Old age mistakes the youthful breast,
Love dwells not there, but Interest:
Alas Good Man! take thy repose,
Get Ribband for thy thumbs, and Toes,
Provide thee Flannel, and a sheet of Lead,
Think on thy Cossin, not thy Bridal Bed.

The SLIGHT.

SONG.

I.

It not her Lip, at least her Hand,
The coolest Lover's frequent bliss,
And rude is she that will withstand.
That inoffensive liberty:
She (would you think it) in a sume
Turn'd her about and less the Room,
Not she, she vow'd, not she.
H 3

P O E M S

TT.

Well Chariessab then said I,

If it must thus for ever be,

I can renounce my slavery,

And since you will not, can't be free,

Many a time she made me dye,

Yet (would you think't) I lov'd the more,

But I'le not tak't as heretosore,

Not I, I'le vow not I.

The PENITENT.

SONG.

I.

Had I but known some years ago
What wretched Lovers undergo.
The Tempests and the storms that rise
From their beloved's dangerous eyes,
With how much torment they endure
That Ague, and that Calenture;

Long fince I had my error feen,
Long fince repented of my fin:
Too late the Souldier dread's the Trumpets found
That newly has receiv'd his mortal wound.

But so adventurous was I

My Fortunes all alone to try,
Needs must I kiss the burning light,
Because it shin'd, because 'twas bright,
My heart with youthful heat on sire,
I thought some God did me inspire;
And that blind zeal embolded me,
T'attempt Althea's Deity;
Surely those happy pow'rs that dwell above,
Or never courted, or enjoy'd their love,

The Defiance.

SONG.

T.

BE not too proud imperious Dame,
Your charms are transitory things,
May melt, while you at Heaven aim,
Like Icarus's waxen wings;
And you a part in his misfortunes bear,
Drown'd in a briny Ocean of despair.

IF.

You think your beauties are above.
The Poets Brain, and Painters Hand,
As if upon the Throne of Love
You only should the World command:
Yet know, though you presume your title true,
There are pretenders, that will Rival you.

III.

There's an experienc't Rebel, Time, And in his Squadrons Poverty;

There's

There's Age that bring's along with him A terrible Axtillery:

And if against all these thou keep'st thy Crown, Th' Usurper Death will make thee lay it down.

The Surrender.

SONG

Yield, I Yield! Divine Althea, fee
How prostrate at thy feet I bow,
Fondly in love with my Captivity,
So weak am I, so mighty thou!
Not long ago I could desie,
Arm'd with Wine and Company,
Beauties whole Artillery:

Quite vanquish't now by thy miraculous Charms;
Here fair, Althea, take my Arms,
For sure he cannot be of Humane Race,
That can resist so bright, so sweet a Face.

The WHIM.

SONG.

. I.

Hy so serious, why so grave?

Man of business, why so muddy?

Thy self from chance thou canst not save

With all thy care and study.

Look merrily then, and take thy repose;
For 'tis to no purpose to look so forlorn,
Since the world was as bad, before thou wer't born

And when it will mend who knows?

And a thousand year hence 'tis all one,

If thou lay'st on a Dunghill, or satest on a Throne;

II.

To be troubled to be fad,

Carking Mortal 'tis a folly,

For a pound of pleasure's not so bad

As an ounce of Melancholy:

Since

Since all our lives long we travel towards Death,
Let us rest us sometimes, and bait by the way,
Tis but dying at last; in our race let us stay,
And we shan't be so soon out of breath.
Sit the Comedy out, and that done,
When the Play's at an end, let the Curtain fall
(down-

The RENEGADO.

SONG.

I.

Remov'd from fair Urania's eyes
Into a Village far away:
Fond Astrophil began to say,
Thy charms Urania I despise;
Go bid some other Shepherd for thee dy,
That never understood thy Tyranny.

Iĭ.

Return'd at length the amorous Swain, Soon as he saw his Dietie,

Ador'd

Ador'd again, and bow'd his knee,

Became her Slave, and wore her Chain;

The needle thus that motionless did ly, (nigh.

Trembles, and moves, when the lov'd Loadstone's

PHILLIS withdrawn.

T.

I Did but see her, and she's snatch't away,
I find I did but happy seem;
So small a while did my contentments stay,
As short and pleasant as a dream:
Yet such are all our satisfactions here,
They raise our hopes, and then they disappear.

H,

Ill natur'd Stars that evermore conspire
To quench poor Strephon's flame,
To stop the progress of his swift desire,
And leave him but an Aëry Name;
Why art thou doom'd (of no pretences proud)
Ixion-like thus to embrace a Cloud?
Yet

III.

Yet why should Strephon murmur, why complain,
Or envy Phillis her delight,
Why should her pleasures be to him a pain,
Easier perhaps out of his sight?
No, Strephon, no! If Phillis happy be,
Thou should'st rejoyce, what e'r becom's of Thee.

IV.

Amidst the charming Glories of the Spring
In pleasant Fields and goodly Bowers
Indulgent Nature seems concern'd to bring
All that may bless her innocent hours,
While thy disastrous Fate has ty'd thee down
To all the noise and tumult of the Town.

V

Strepton that for himself expects no good

To Phillis wishes every where,
Along serenity without a Cloud,

Sweet as these smiles of th' Infant year,

May Halcyons in her bosome build their nest, What ever storms shall discompose my breast,

The Malecontent.

SONG.

My wavering thoughts thus to molest,

Why should my pleasure be the only pain,

That must torment my easie breast?

If with Prometheus I had stoll a sire,

Fire from above,

As scorching and as bright, as that of love,

I might deserve Jove's ire,

A Vulture then might on my Liver seed,

But now eternally I bleed,

And yet on Thee, on Thee lies all the blame,

Who freely gav'st the Fewel and the Flame.

The Indifferent.

SONG.

PRithee confess for my sake, and your own;
Am I the Man or no?

If I am he, thou can'st not do't too soon,
If not, thou can'st not be too slow;
If Woman cannot love, Man's folly's great
Your Sex with so much zeal to treat;
But if we freely proffer to pursue
Our tender thoughts and spotless love,
Which nothing shall remove,
And you despise all this, pray what are you?

The HARBOUR.

SONG.

Tedious hopes! when will the storm be o're!
When will the beaten Vessel reach the
(shore!

Long

Long have I striv'n with blustring winds and tides, Clouds o're my head, Waves on my sides! Which in my dark adventures high did swell, While Heaven was black as Hell,

O Love, tempestuous Love, yet, yet at last, Let me my Anchor cast, And for the troubles I have undergone, O bring me to a Port which I may call my own.

The Unconcerned.

SONG.

Ow that the World is all in amaze,
Drums, and Trumpets rending Heav'ns,
Wounds a bleeding, Mortals dying,
Widows and Orphans piteously crying;
Armies marching, Towns in a blaze,
Kingdoms and States at fixes and seven:
What should an honest Fellow do,
Whose courage; and sortunes run equally low?

¥13

Let him live fay I till his glass be run,
As easily as he may, (ther,
Let the wine, and the sand of his glass flow toge.
For Life's but a winters day;
Alas from Sun to Sun,
The time's very short, very dirty the weather,
And we silently creep away,
Let him nothing do, he could wish undone;
And keep himself safe from the noise of Gun.

The Immoveable.

SONG.

Ŧ;

Hat though the Skie be clouded o're, And Heav'ns influence smile no more? Though Tempests rise, and Earthquakes make The giddy World's soundation stake?

A gallant breast contemns the seeble blow
Of angry Gods, and scorns what Fate can do.

II.

What if Alarums founded be,
And we must face our Enemy,
If Cannons bellow out a death,
Or Trumpets woo away our breath!
'Tis brave amidst the glittering Throng to die,
Nay Sampson like to fall with Company.

III.

Then let the Swordman domineer,
I can, nor Pike, nor Musket sear;
Clog me with Chains, your envies tire,
For when I will, I can expire;
And when the puling fit of Life is gone,
The work that cruel man can do, is done.

The WISH.

SONG.

Comment of the second of

Their cloudy head, not to the Grove Of Myrtles is th' Eight in hade,

Nor Tempe which the Poets made;

Not on the spicy Mountains play;

Or travel to Arabia:

I aim not at the careful Throne,

Which Fortune's darlings at upon;

No, no, the best this fickle world can give,

Has but a little, little time to live.

Ìſ.

But let me foar, O let me flie Beyond poor Earths benighted eye, Beyond the pitch swift Eagles towre, Above the reach of humane Power;

Above

Above the Stars, above the way,
Whence Phabus darts his piercing ray.
O let me tread those Courts that are,
So bright, so pure, so blest, so fair,
As neither thou, nor I must never know
On Earth, 'tis thither, thither would I go.

The CORDIAL.

In the Year 1657.

SONG.

Ï

Did you hear of the News (O the News) how (it thunders!

Do but fee, how the block-headed Multitude won
(ders.)

One fumes, and stamps, and stares to think upon What others wish as fast, Confusion.

One Iwears w'are gone, another just agoing, While a third sits and cryes,

Till

Till his half blinded eyes,
Call him phistal Rogue for so doing.

Let the tone be what 'twill that the mighty Ones
(utter,
Let the cause be what 'twill why the poorer fort
(mutter;
I care not what your State confounders do,
Nor what the stout repiners undergo!
I canade whine at any alterations;
Let the Swede beat the Dane
Qr be beaten again,
What am I in the Croud of the Nations?

ĮĮ.

What eare I is the North and South Poles comes
If the Turk, or the Pape's Antichristian, or neiIf fine Afrea be (as Naso said)
From Mortals in a peeville sancy sled:
Rome, when 'twas all on fine, her Redple
'Twas an Emperor could stand (mourning,)
With his harp in his hand,
Sing and play, while the City was burning.

Celadon on Delia singing.

Delia! for I know tis she,

It must be she, for nothing else could move.

My tuneless heart, than fomething from Above.

I hate all earthly Harmony:

Hark, Hark ye Nymphs, and Situtual around!

Hark how the batted Ecopo faints; fee how the dies

Look how the winged Quire all geoping lye's

At the melodique found; ni I man:
See, while the fings

How they droop and hang their wings &

Thy fongle too great for mortal ear I care to the

Thy charming notes we can no longer bear?

Fair Deliotake the fatal choice, was "

Or well the beauty; or suppress thy Voice.

His passions thus poor Celadon betray'd,
When first he saw, when first he heard the lovely
Maid
The

119

The Advice.

SONG.

I.

Dor Celia once was very fair,

A quick bewitching eye she had,

Most neatly look's her braided hair,

Her dainry cheeks would make you mad,

Upon her lip did all the Graces play,

And on her breast ten thousand Cupids lay?

H.

Then many a doting Lover came

From seventeen till twenty one,

Each told her of her mighty flame,

But she (forsooth) affected none,

One was not handsome, t'other was not fine,

This of Tobacco smelt, and that of Wine.

But to ther day it was my fate,

To walk along that way alone,

.. . mad them ...

115

I saw no Coach before her gate,

But at the door I heard her mone,

She dropt a tear, and sighing seem'd to say

Young Ladies marry, marry while you may!

TO

Mr. SAM. AUSTIN

Of Wadham Coll. OXON,

On his most unintelligible Poems.

SIR,

In that small inch of time I stole, to look
On th' obscure depths of your mysterious Book,
(Heav'n bless my eye sight!) what strains did I see
What Steropegererick Poetry!
What Hieroglyphick words, what all,
In Letters more than Cabalistical!
We with our singers may your Verses scan,
But all our Noddles understand them can
No more, than read that dungsork, pothook hand.
That in * Queen's Golledge Library does stand.

The Devils hand writing in Queen's Coll. Library at Oxford.
The

The cutting Hanger of your wit Fean't fee, For that same scabbard that conceals your Fancy; Thus a black velvet Casket hides a Jewel; And a dark woodhouse, wholesome winter Fuel; Thus John Tradeskin starves our greedy eyes, By boxing up his new found Rarities; We dread Attaons Fate, dare not look on, When you do scowre your skill in Helicon: We cannot (Lynceus-like) fee through the wall Of your strong-Morter'd Poems: nor can all The small shot of our Brains make one hole in The Bulwark of your Book, that Fort to win. Open your meanings door, O do not lock it! Undo the Buttons of your smaller Pocket, And charitably spend those Angels there, Let them inrich and actuate our Sphere. Take off our Bongraces, and shine upon us, Though your resplendent beams should chance to (tan us.

Had you but stoln your Verses, that we might Rope in good time they would have come to light; And felt I not a strange Poetick heat Flaming within, which reading makes me fweat, Vulcan should take 'em, and I'd not exempt 'em, Because they be things Quibus lumen ademptum.

I thought to have commended something there, But all exceeds my commendations far,
I can say nothing; but stand still, and stare,
And cry, O wondrous strange, prosound and rare,
Vast Wits must fathom you better than thus,
You merit more than our praise; as for us
The Beetles of our Rhimes shall drive sull fast
The wedges of your worth to everlasting, (in,
My Much Apocaloptiqu' friend Sam, Austin,

emirte es centre. En**T.O**E **M**-Yestov

Ingenious Friend

Mr.WILLIAM FAITHORN

On his Book of

Drawing, Etching, and Graving.

CHould I attemposa Riogy, or Frame Paper Aruchie to secure thy name, The lightning of one Censure, one stern frown Might quickly bagard that, and thy renown, But this thy Book prevents that finitels pain, One fine speaks purelier Thee, than my best strain. Those Mysteries Conce like the spiceful mold, Which bars the groudy Spaniar & from his Gold) Thoughoft unfoldin every friendly Page, it was the Kindsonhe present and succeeding age. That Hand, whose curious Art prolongs the date Of frail Mortality, and baffle's Fate. With Brasa and Steel, can surely potent be, To rear a lasting. Monument for thee; For 113

For my part I prefer (to guard the Dead)

A Copper-Plate beyond a Sheet of Lead.

So long as Brais, so long as Books endure,

So long as neat wrought-Pieces Thou 'rt secure.

A [Faithorn sculpst] is a charm can save.

From dull oblivion, and a gaping grave.

On the Commentaries: of:

Messire Blaize de MONTLUC

To the Worthy Trauslator

CHARLES COTTEN, Efq;

Should make his Ink of Blood, a Sword his At least he must their Memories abuse, (Pen. Who writes with less than Maro's mighty Muse. All (Sir) that I could say of this great Theme (The Brave Montluc) would lessen his esteem; Whose Laurels too much native verdure have To need the Praises vulgar Chaplets crave.

His own bold hand, what it durst write, durst do; I Grappled with Enemies, and Oblivion too; Hew'd his own Monument, and grav'd thereon, I Its deep and durable inscription.

To you (Sir) whom the valiant Author owe's, His second Life, and Conquest o're his Foes; Ill natur'd Foes, Time and Detraction, What is a Stranger's Contribution!

Who has not such a share of vanity;

To dream that one, who with such industry Obliges all the World, can be oblig'd by me.

A Character of a

BELLY-GODA

Catins and Horace.

Horace.

Hence Brother Case, and whether bound so (fast?

Ca. Oh, Sir, you must excuse me, I'm in haste,

I dine with my (Lord Mayor) and can't ablow Time for our enting Directory now, Thought must meets confess, I think my Rules Would prove Pythagorus and Plate Fools.

Hor. Grave Sir, I must acknowledge, 'tis a To interrupt at such a nick of time; (crime Tet slay a list be Sir, it is no Sin; You're to say Grace e're Dinner can begin; Since you at food such Victuolo are; Some Precepts to an hungry Poet spare.

Ca. I grant you Sir, next pleasure t'ane in eating Is that (as we do call it) of repeating;
I still have Kitching Systems in my mind,
And from my Stomachs sumes a Brain well lin'd;
Hor. Whence, pray Sir, learnt you those inge(nuous Arts.

From one at home, or hir'd from foreign parts?

Ca. No names Sir (I beleech you,) that's foul

We ne'r name Authors, only what they say. (play,

1. 'For Eggs chuse long, the round are out of sa
'Unfavoury and distalleful to the Nation (shion

'E're since the brooding Ramp, they're addle too,

'In the long Egg lyes Cock a doodle-doo.

2. Chuse Coleworts planted on a foil that's dry, 'Even they are worse for th' welting (verily:) 3. 'If Friend from far shall come to visit, then Say thou wouldst treat the Wight with mortal Do'nt thou forthwith pluck off the cackling head; And impale Corps on Spit as foon as dead; For so she will be tough beyond all measure, And Friend shall make a trouble of a pleasure, Steep't in good Wine let her her life furrender. O then she'l eat most admirably tender. 4. ' Mushromes that grow in Meadows are the For ought I know there's Poyson in the rest. 5. 'He that would many happy Summers see, Let him eat Mulberries fresh off the Tree. Gather'd before the Sun's too high, for these Shall hart his Stomack less than Chefbire Cheese. 6. Aufidius (had you done so't had undon ye). Sweetned his morning's draughts of Suck with But he did ill, to empty veines to give (Honey ... * Corroding Potion for a Lenitive. 7. 'If any man to drink do thee inveigle in, First what thy whisthe with some good Metheg.

- 8. 'If thou art bound, and in continual doubt,
- 'Thou shalt get in no more till some get out,
- 'The Muscle or the Cockle will unlock
- Thy Bodies trunk; and give a vent to nock;
- Some say that Sorrel Steep't in Wine will do
- But to be fure, put in some Aloes too.
 - 9. All shell-fish (with the growing Moon in-
- Are ever, when she fills her Orb, the best; (creast)
- But for brave Oysters, Sir, exceeding rare,
- They are not to be met with every where;
- 'Your Wall-fleet Oysters no man will prefer
 - Before the juicy Grass-green Colchester;
 - "Hungerford Grawfish match me if you can,
- There's no fuch Crawlers in the Ocean. (think 10. Next for your Suppers, you (it may be)
- "There go's no more to't, but just eat and drink;
- But let me tell you Sir, and tell you plain,
- To dress'em well requires a man of brain;
- 'His Palate must be quick, and smart, and strong;
- 'For Sauce, a very Critick in the Tongue.
 - 11. 'He that pays dear for Fish, nay though the (best,
- 'May please his Fishmonger, more than his Guest,

If he be ignorant what sawce is proper,

'There's Machiavel in the Menage of a Supper.

12. For Swines-flesh, give me that of the Wild

Pursu'd and hunted all the Forrest o're; (Boar.

. He to the liberal Oke ne're quits his love,

And when he finds no Acrons, grunts at Jove;

The Hampshire Hog with Pease and Whey that's

Sti'd up, is neither good alive nor dead. (fed

13. The tendrels of the Vine are Sallads good

If when they are in season understood.

14. If Servants to thy Board a Rabbet bring,

Be wife, and in the first place carve a Wing.

15. When Fish and Fowlare right, and at Just

A Feeders curiofity t'affwage,

(äge,

'If any ask, who found the Mystery?

Let him inquire no furthet, I am he.

16. Some fancy Bread out of the Oven hot,

Variety 's the Glutton's happiest lot.

17. 'It's not enough the wine you have be pure

But of your Oyl as well you ought be fure.

18. 'If any fault be in the generous Wine,

Set it abroad all night, and twill refine,

But never strein't, nor let it pass through Linen,

Wine will be worle for that, as well as Women. 19. The Vintner that of Malaga and Sherry With damn'd ingredients patcheth up Canary, With segregative things, as Pigeons eggs, Strait purifies, and takes away the dregs. 20. An o're-charg'd Stomack roafted forimps The Cure by Lettuce is worle than the Difeafe. -21, To quicken Appetite it will behoove ye 'To feed couragiously on good Anchovie. 22. Westphalia Ham, and the Bolognia For second or third course will dear a passage, But Lettuce after Meals! fie on't, the Glutton Had better feed upon Ram-ally-Mutton. 23. 'Twere worth one's while in Palace or in Cottage. Right well to know the fundry forts of Pottage: There is your French Pottage, Nativity broth, Yet that of Fetter lane exceeds them both; About a limb of a departed Tup 'There may you see the green herbs boyling up, ' And fat abundance o're the furnace float, Resembling Whale-Oyl in a Greenland Boat, 24. The 24. The Kentish Pippin's best, I dare be bold,

That ever Blew-Cap Coft ard-monger fold.

25. 6 Of Grapes, I like the Raisins of the Sub.

I was the First immortal Glory won,

By mincing Piekle Herrings, with these Raifin

And Apples; Twas I fet the world a gazing,

When once they tasted of this Hogan Fish,

Pepper and Salt enamelling the Dist.

26. Tis ill to purchase great Fish with great (matter,

And then to ferve it up in fearty Platter;

Nor is it less unfeemly some believe,

From Boy, with greafy fift drink to receive,

But the Cup foul within's enough to make

* A fauemish treature puke and mirn up somubh .:

27. Then Brooms and Napkins and the Flan. (ders Tyle,

These must be had too, or the Feast you spoil,

* Things little thought on, and not very dear,

And yet how much they cost one in a year !

28. Would'st thou rub Alablaster with hands (sable,

5 Or spread a Diaper Cloth on dirty Table?

'More cost, more worship: Come: be a la mode
'Embelish Treat, as thou would do an Ode.

Hor. O learned Sir, how greedily I bear
This elegant Diatriba of good chear!

Now by all that's good, by all provant you love,

By sturdy Chine of Beese, and mighty Jove,

I do conjure thy gravity, let me see
The manthat made thee this Discovery;

For he that sees Original's more happy
Than him that draws by an ill-favour'd Copy,

O bring me to the man, I so admire!

The Flint from whence brake forth these sparks of

What fatisfaction would the Vision bring?

If sweet the stream, much sweeter is the spring.

(fire.

The Disappointed.

Pindarique Ode.

Stanza I.

Ft have I pondered in my pensive heart, When even from my felf I've stoll'n away, And heavily considered many a day, The cause of all my anguish, and my smart; Sometimes belides a shady grove, (As dark as were my thoughts, as close as was my Dejected have I walk't alone, · (Love Acquainting scarce my self with my own moan. Once I resolv'd undauntedly to hear, What 'twas my Passions had to say, To find the reason of that uproar there, And calmly, if I could, to end the fray ? No fooner was my refolution known But I was all 'Confusion.

Fierce Anger, flattering Hope, and black Defpair, Bloody Revenge, and most ignoble Fear,

Now altogether clamorous were,

POE MSq 134

My breast a perfect Chaos grows, A mass of nameless things together hurl'd, Like th' formless Embria of the unborn world, Just as it's rouzing from eternal night, Before the great Creator faid, Let there be Light.

. Thrice happy then are beaffs That underneath these pleasant Coverts ! They only fleep, and eat, and drin They never meditate, nor think Or if they do, have not the happy art To vent the overflowings of their he They without trouble live, without d Regardless of Eternity. I said, I would like them And not perplex my felf in var Nor bite the unealie No, no, faid I, I will Philosophi And all the ill-natur'd World delp But when I had reflected lon And with deliberation thought How few have practis'd, what they gravely

₹3**\$**

(Tho' 'tis but folly to complain)

I judg'd it worth a generous disdain,

And brave defiance in Pinderique Song.

ON

Mrs. E. MONTAGUE's

Blushing in the Cross Bath.

A Translation.

I.

A Midst the Nymphs (the glory of the slood)

Thus once the beauteous Ægle stood,

So sweet a tincture e're the Sun appears

The bashful ruddy morning wears:

Thus through a Crystal wave slie Coral glow as

And such a Blush his on the Virgin Rose.

Te envied Waters that with fafety may.

Around her snowy Bosome play.

Cherish

Cherish with gentle heat that Noble Brest Which so much Innocence ha's blest, Such Innocence as hitherto ne're knew, What mischief. Venus, or her Son could do:

Then from this hallow'd place
Let the profane and wanton Eye withdraw,
For Virtue cladin Searlet strikes waw

From the Tribunal of a lovely Face.

Il Infido.

Breath tis true, wretch that I am, tis true,
But if to live, be only not to dye,
If nothing in that bubble Life be gay,
But all to a Tear must melt away;
Let Fools and Stoicks be cajol'd, say I:
Thou that likest Ease and Love, like me
When once the world says farewel both to thee,
What hast thou more to do
Than in distain to say, Thou soolish world, Adieu !

There

There was a time, Fool that I was! when I
Believ'd there might be formething here below,
A feeming Cordial to my drooping Heart

That might allay my bitter smart:

I call'd it Friend :- but ô th' Inconstancy

Of humane things! I try'd it long, It?s Love was fervent, and I phaney'd strong:

But now I plainly fee,

Or tis withdrawn, or elfe twas All Hypocrific,

III.

I saw thy much-estranged eyes, I saw
False Musidore thy formal alter'd Face,
When thou betrayd'st my seeming happiness,
And coldly took'st my kind Address:
But know that I will live; for in thy place
Heaven has provided for me now
A constant Friend, that dares not break a vow,

That Friend will I embrace,
And never more my overweaning Love misplace.

Il Immaturo.

EPITAPH.

BRave Youth, whose too hasty Fate

His Glories did anticipate,

Whose active Soul had laid the great design

To emulate those Herods of his Line!

He shew'd the world how great a Man

Might be contracted to a Span;

How soon our reeming expectations fail,

How little tears, and wishes can prevail:

Could Life hold out with these supplies He'd liv'd still in his Parents eyes,

And this cold stone had ne're said, HERE, HE

CALES.

Mrs. DOVE.

EPITAPH.

Vain Mortals de Pause Generalle maid onice?

To Beauty, Conduction Modelson via crom on South remper, and true Piety.

Theoretical Mayor Pen marketi.

Thought Long, beloved Dust Farewell.

Those Bielings which we highliest prize

Are soonest rayish't from our Eyes.

Lucretius.

SEd jam nec Domus accipiet te læta, nec Uxor. Optima, nec dulces occurrent ofcula nati Præcipere, Stacita pectus dulcedine tangent.

Paraphrased.

Hen thou shalt leave this miserable Life, Farewell thy House, sarewel thy charming (Wife,

Varewell for ever to thy Souls delight, Quite blotted out in everlasting night!

No more thy pretty darling Babes shall greet (thee

By the kind Name, sor firive who first shall meet (thee,

Their Kiffes with a fecret pleasure shall not move (thee,

For who shall fay to thy Dead Clay, I Love (Thee!

ON

Dr. BROWN'S

Hus from a foreign Clime rich Metchants (come,

And thus unlade their Rarities at bome?
Thus, undergo an acceptable toyle,
With Treasures to enrich their native Soyle.
They for themselves, for others you unsold
A Cargo swoln with Diamonds and Gold.
With Indesatigable Travels, They
The trading World, the Learned you survey;
And for renown with great Columbus vye,
In subterranean Cosmography.

FOE MS

POVERTY

Poverty Ithon great and wife man's Sphools
Mistress of Arts! and scandal to the Fool!
Heaven's shered Badge; Which the House heretoe.

(Bright Cafavains of Sainth and Martyrs) wore.
To th' Holl Triumphane valiant Apple are lent.
From those we call the Baserd Regiment:
Sure Guide to everlasting Perre above.

Thou do'Ath' impediments remove in the Th' unnecessary Load's of Wealth and State in the Which make men swell too big for the strait Gate:

11.

Thou happy Port, where we from storms are stee;
And need not fear (salse world) thy Pyracy;
Hither for ease and Shelter did retife
The Dusie Charles; and wearied Casimire;

Abjur'd

143

Abjur'd their Thrones, and made a folemn Vow, Their radiant heads to thee should ever bow. Why should thy Tents so terrible appear

Where Monarch's Reformadoes were?
Why should men call that state of Life forlorn,
Which God approves off, and which Kings have
• (born?

III.

Mad Luxury! what do thy Vassals reap
From a Life's long debauch, but late to weep!
What the curs't Miser, who would fain Ape Thee,
And wear thy Livery, Great POVERTY!
The Prudent wretch for future Ages cares,
And hoards up sins for his impatient Heirs!
Full little do's he think the time will come

When he is gone to his long Home, The Prodigal Youth for whom he took such pains Shall be thy Slave, and wear thy loathed Chains.

Urania

URANIA

To her Friend

PARTHENISSA.

Á

DREAM-

My Fancy represented to my sight
A goodly gentle Shade;
Methought it mov'd with a Majestick Grace;
But the surprizing sweetness of it's Face
Made me amaz'd, made me afraid:
I found a secret shivering in my heart,
Such as Friends seel that Meet or Part:
Approaching nearer with a timerous eye;
Is then my Partheniss Dead, said I?
Ah Partheniss if thou yet art kind,
As kind as when like me, Thou mortal west,
When

When Thou, and I had equal share in Either's (Heart,

How can't thou bear that I am left behind!

. Dear Partheneffa! O those pleasant hours,

That bleft our innocent Amours!

When in the common Treasury of one Breast,
All that was Thing or Mine did rest.

Dear Partheniffa !-- Friend ! what hall I fay?

Ah speak to thy Urania!

Oh envious Death! nothing but thee I fear'd,

No other Rival could estrange

Her Soul from mine or make a Change?

Scarce had I spoke my passionate sears;

And everwhelm'd my felf in tears:

But Parthenissa smil'd, and then she disappear'd.

Ċ,

On the Death of the Earl of

ROCHESTER.

Pastoral.

Į.

Son his death-bed gasping Strephon lay,
Strephon the wonder of the Plains,
The noblest of th' Arcadian Swains;
Strephon the Bold, the Witty, and the Gay:
With many a sigh and many a tear he said,
Remember me ye Shepherds when I'm dead.

II.

Ye triffling Glories of this world, Adieu,
And vain applauses of the Age;
For when we quit this Earthly Stage,
Believe me Shepherds, for I tell you true;
Those pleasures which from virtuous deeds we
Procure the sweetest slumbers in the Grave. (have

The

III.

Then fince your fatal Hour must surely come,
Surely your heads lye low as mine,
Your bright Meridian Sun decline;
Beseech the mighty Pan to guard you home:
If to Elizium you would happy sly,
Live not like Strephon, but like Strephon dye:

O N

Dr. WOODFORD's

PARAPHRASE

ON THE

ANTICLES

Ì.

For what do Resolutions signifie, hen we are urg'd to write by Destiny?

ıł:

I had refolv'd, nay, and I almost swore, My bedrid Muse should walk abroad no more: Alas! 'tis more than time that I give o're.

III.

In the Recesses of a private Breast,
I thought to entertain your charming Guest,
And never to have boasted of my Feast.

· 1V2

But see (my Friend) when through the world you My Laquy-Verse must shadow-like pursue, (go, Thin, and Obscure to make a Foyl for you.

V۵

'Tis true, you cannot need my seeble Praise, A lasting Monument to your Name to raise, Well-known in Heav'n by your Angeliqu' Layes.

VI.

There in indelible Characters they are writ,
When

Where no pretended Heights will easie sit, But those of serious consecrated wit.

VII.

By immaterial desecated Love, Your Soul it's Heavenly Origin do's approve, And in least dangerous Raptures soars above.

VIII.

How could I wish (dear Friend!) unsaid agen (For once I rank'd my self with tuneful men) Whatever dropt from my unhallowed Pen!

IX.

The triffling Rage of youthful heat, once past, Who is not troubled for his wit misplac'd! All pleasant Follies breed regret at last.

X.

While Reverend Don's, and noble Herbert's A glorious immortality shall claim, (Flame In the most durable Records of Fame)

XI.

Our modish Rhimes, like Culinary Fire, Unctuous and Earthy, shall in smoak expire; In odorous Clouds your Incense shall aspire,

....XII.

Let th' Pagan-world your pious verse desie, Yet shall they envy when they come to dye, Your wiser Projects on Eternity,

LAODAMIA

LAODAMIA

TO

PROTESILAUS. edit

ONE OF

OVID'S

Epistles Translated.

The ARGUMENT.

Protesilaus lying Windhound at Aulis, in the Greacian Fleet, design'd for the Trojan War, his Wife Laodamia sends this following Epistle to Him.

Health to the gentle Man of War, and may What Laodamia sends, the Gods convey. The Wind that still in Aulis holds my Dear, Why was it not so cross to keep Him here?

L 4

Let the Wind raise an Hurricane at Sea, Were he but fale and warm amore with me. Fen thousand killes I had more to give him, Ten thousand cautions, and soft words to leave In hast he left me, summon'd by the Wind, (him; (The Wind to barbarous Mariners only kind) The Seaman's pleasure, is the Lover's pain, (Protesilaus from thy bosome tane! as from my faultering tengue half fareches fell, Scarce could I speak that wounding word Far A merry Gale (at Sea they call it fo) Fill'd every Saylwith joy, my breaft with wo, There went my dear Protesilaus While I could see Thee, full of eager pain, My greedy cyes epicuriz'd on Thine, When Thee no more, but thy spread Sayls I view, Hook't, and look't, till I had loft them too; But when nor Thee, nor them I could descry, And all was Sea that came within my eye, They say (for I have quite forgot) they say I strait grew pale, and fainted quite away; Compassionate Iphiclus, and the good old man, My Mother too to my assistance ran;

In

| In hast cold water on my Face they threw |
|--|
| And brought me to my felf with much ado, |
| They meant it well, to me it form'd not for a continue |
| Much kinder had they been to let me go; |
| My anguish with my Soul rogenher came, |
| And in my heart burst out the forester flambet off a |
| Since which, my uncomb'd looks unheeded flow ! |
| Undreft, forlora, I care not how I go; 1970 19 |
| Inspir'd with Wine, thus Baochus frolique rout is |
| Stagger'd of old, and ftraggled all about. |
| Put on, Put on, the happy Liadies say, in the happy Liadies say, |
| Thy Royal Robes fair Landing. |
| Alas! before Troy's Walls my deartless tyle, |
| What pleasure cand take in Tyrints dy? |
| Shall Curles adorn my head, an Helmer thineits |
| I in bright tiffues, thou is Armourthine? World ? |
| Rather with fludied negligonog l'lobe |
| As ill, if not difguiled worse than thee. |
| Q Paris! rais'd by ruigs! may It thou prove. |
| As fatal in thy War, as in thy Love! |
| O that the Gresian Dame had been less fair, 1 |
| Or thou less levely hadft appeared to Her! |

O Menelaus! timely cease to strive. With how much bloodwilt thou thy loss retrieve? From ye, ye Gods, avert your heavy doom, And bring my Dear, laden with Laurels home: But my heart fails me, when I think of War. The fad reflection costs me many a tear: I tremble when I hear the very name Of every place where thou shall fight for fame: Besides th' adventurous Ravisher well knew The fafest Arts his Villany to pursue: In noble dress he did her heart surprize, With Gold he dazled her unguarded Eyes, He back't his Rape with Ships and armed Men. Thus storm'd, thus took the beauteous Fortress in, Against the power of Love and force of Arms There's no security in the brightest Charms.

Hector I fear, much do I Hector fear,
A Man (they fay) experienc'd in War,
My Dear, if thou haft any love for me,
Of that same Hector prithee mindful be;
Fly him be sure, and every other Foe,
Lest each of them should prove an Hector too.

Remember, when for fight thou shalt prepare,
Thy Laodamia charg'd thee, Have a care,
For what wounds thou receiv'st, are giv'n to her
If by thy valour Troy must ruin'd be,
May not the ruin leave one Scar on thee;
Sharer in th' honour from the danger free!
Let Menelaus fight, and force his way (lena.
Through the salse Ravisher's Troops to his HeGreat be his Victory, as his Cause is good.
May he swim to her in his Enemies Blood.
Thy Case is different.—may'st thou live to see
(Dearest) no other Combatant but me!

Ye generous Trojans, turn your Swords away
From his dear Breast, find out a nobler Prey,
Why should you harmless Laodamia slay?
My poor good natur'd Man did never know
What 'tis to fight, or how to face a Foe;
Yet in Love's Field what wonders can he do?
Great is his Prowess and his Fortune too;
Let them go fight, who know not how to woe.
Now I must own, I sear'd to let thee go,

My trembling Lips had almost told thee so.

When from thy Father's House thou didst with.
Thy satal stumble at the door I saw, (draw, I saw it, sigh'd, and pray'd the sign might be
Of thy return a happy Prophecy!
I cannot but acquaint thee with my sear,
Be not too brave,---Remember,----Have a care,
And all my dreads will vanish into Air.

Among the Grecians some one must be found That first shall set his soot on Trojan ground; Unhappy she that shall his loss bewail, Grant, O ye Gods, thy courage then may sail.

Of all the Ships be thine the very last, (haste Thou the last Man that lands; there needs no To meet a potent, and a treacherous Foe; Thou'lt land I fear too soon, tho' ne're so slow. At thy Return ply every Sail and Oar, And nimbly leap on thy deserted shore.

All the day long, and all the lonely night
Black thoughts of thee my anxious Soul affright;
Darkness, to other Womens pleasures kind,
Augments, like Hell, the torments of my mind.
I court e'en Dreams, on my forsaken Bed,
False Joys must serve, since all my true are sled.

What's

What's that same aiery *Phantom* so like thee!
What wailings do I hear, what paleness see?
I Wake, and hug my self, 'tis but a Dream.—
The *Grecian* Altars know I feed their slame,
The want of hallow'd Wine my tears supply,
Which make the sacred fire burn bright and high.

When shall I class thee in these Arms of mine, These longing Arms, and lie dissolv'd in thine? When shall I have thee by thy self alone, To learn the wondrous Actions thou hast done? Which when in rapturous words thou hast begun With many, and many a kiss, prithee tell on, Such interruptions graceful pauses are, A Kiss in Story's but an Halt in War.

But, when I think of Troy, of winds and waves, I fear the pleasant dream my hope deceives:

Contrary winds in Port detain thee too,
In spight of wind and tide why wouldst thou go?
Thus, to thy Country thou wouldst hardly come,
In spight of wind and tide thou went'st from home.
To his own City Neptune stops the way,
Revers the Omen, and the God's obey.

Return ye furious Grecians, homeward fly,
Your stay is not of Chance, but Destiny:
How can your Arms expect desir'd success,
That thus contend for an Adulteres?
But, let not me forespeak you, no, — set Sail,
And Heav'n bestiend you with a prosperous gale!

Ye Trojans! with regret methinks I see
Your first encounter with your Enemy;
I see fair Helen put on all her Charms,
To buckle on her lusty Bridegroom's Arms;
She gives him Arms, and kisses she receives,
(I hate the transports each to other gives.)
She leads him forth, and she commands him come
Safely victorious, and triumphant home;
And he (no doubt) will make no nice delay,
But diligently do what e're she say;
Now he returns!---see with what amorous speed
She takes the pond'rous Helmet from his head,
And courts the weary Champion to her Bed.

We Women, too too credulous alas!

Think what we fear, will surely come to passe.

Yet, while before the Leaguer thou dost lie,

Thy Picture is some pleasure to my Eye,

That,

That, I cares in words most kind and free,
And lodge it on my Breast, as I would Thee;
There must be something in it more than Art,
'Twere very Thee, could it thy mind impart;
I kiss the pretty Idol, and complain,
As if (like Thee) 't would answer me again.

By thy return, by thy dear Self, I swear,
By our Loves Vows, which most religious are,
By thy beloved Head, and those gray Hairs
Which time may on it Snow in suture years,
I come, where e're thy Fate shall bid Thee go,
Eternal Partner of thy Weal and Woe,
So thou but live, tho' all the God's say No.
Farewel,—but prethee very careful be

Of thy beloved Self (I mean) of me.

160 POEMS. TO THE

Excellent Master of MUSICK
SEIGNIOR

PIETRO REGGIO,

On His BOOK of

SONGS.

How very little my dull Pen can do;
Yet, with all deference, I gladly wait,
Enthrong'd amongst th' attendants on thy State:
Thus when Arion, by his Friends betray'd,
Upon his Understanding-Dolphin playd,
The Scaly People there Resentments show'd
By pleas'd Levoltoes on the wondring floud.

Great Artist! Thou deserv'st our loudest Praise From th' Garland to the meanest branch of Bays;

For:

For Poets can but Say, Thou mak'st them Sing. And th' Embrio-words do'ft to Perfection bring: By us the Muse conceives, but when that's done. Thy Midwifry makes fit to fee the Sun; Our naked Lines, drest, and adorn'd by Thee. Assume a Beauty, Pomp, and Bravery: So awful and majestick they appear, They need not blush to reach a Princes ear. Princes tho to poor Poets feldom kind. Their Numbers turn'd to Air, with pleasure mind, Studied and labour'd the our Poems be Alas! they dye unheeded without Thee, Whose Art can make our breathless Labours live; Spirit and everlasting Vigour give. Whether we write of Heroes and of Kings In Mighty Numbers, Mighty Things, Or in an humble Ode express our Sense Of th' happy state of Ease and Innocence, A Country Life, where the contented Swain, Huggs his Dear Peace, and does a Crown disdain; Thy dextrous Notes with all our Thoughts com-Can creep on Earth, can up to Heaven fly;

162 P O E M S.

In Heights, and Cadences, fo sweet, so strong,
They suit a Shepherd's Reed, an Angels Tongue.

——But who can comprehend
The Raptures of thy Voice, and Miracles of thy

(Hand?

IN THE

TEMPLE CHURCH

HEic juxta jacet
Johannes King Miles,

Serenissimo Carolo Secundo
In Legibus Angliæ Consultus,
Illustrissimo Jacobo Duci Eboracensia.
Sollicitator Generalis.

Qualis, Quantúsve sis Lettor Profundum obstupesce;

Labia digitis comprime,

Oculos lachrymis suffunde.

En! ad pedes tuos

Artis, & naturæ suprema Conamina,

Fatorum Ludibria!

Non itá pridem

Erat Iste Pulvis omnifariám Doctus

Muzarum

Muzarum Gazophylacium,

Eloquentiam calluit, claram, puram, innocuam,

Legibus sue Patrie erat Instructissimus,

Suis charus, Principibus graus, Omnibns una-

Sui saculi

(nus,

Ornamentum illustre, Desiderium irreparabile.

Hinc difce Lettor

Quantilla Mortalitatis Gloria Splendidissimis decorata Dotibus.

Dulcem soporem agite Dilecti, Eruditi, Reati Cineres!

Obiit Junii 29. 1677. Ætat. 38. ON THE

DEATH

OF MY

DEAR BROTHER Mr. RICHARD FLATMAN.

Pindariqu' Ode.

Stanza I.

Nhappy Muse! employ'd so oft,
On melancholy thoughts of Death,
What hast Thou lest so tender, and so soft
As thy poor Master sain would breath
O're this lamented Herse?
No usual slight of sancy can become
My sorrows o're a Brather's Tomb.
O that I could be elegant in Tears,
That with Conceptions, not unworthy Thee,
Great as Thy Merit, Vigorous as Thy years,

166 - POEMS.

I might convey Thy Elegy
To th' Grief, and Envy of Posterity!
A gentler Youth ne're Crown'd his Parent's cares,
Or added ampler Joy to their grey Hairs;
Kind to his Friends, to His Relations Dear,
Easie to all.—Alas! what is there Here
For Man to set his heart upon
Since what we dote on most, is soonest gone!
At me! I've lost a sweet Companion
A Friend, A Brother All in One!

ĮI.

How did it chil my Soul to see thee lye Strugling with pangs in thy last Agony! When with a manly courage thou didst brave Approaching Death, and with a steddy mind

(Ever averse to be confin'd)
Didst triumph o're the Grave.
Thou mad'st no womanish moan,
But scorn'dst to give one groan:

He that begg's pity is afraid to Dye, Only the Brave despise their Destiny. But, when I call to mind how thy kind Eyes

Werc

P O E M S.

Were passionately fixt on mine,
How, when Thy faultring Tongue gave
And I could hear thy pleasing Voice no more; (o're,

How, when I laid my Check to thine, Kist thy pale lips, and prest thy trembling Hand, Thou, in return, smild'st gently in my Face,

And huggd'st me with a close Embrace,
I am amaz'd, I am unmann'd;
Something extremely kind I sain would say,
But through the tumult of my Breast,
With too officious Love opprest,
I find my feeble words can never force their way.

III.

Beloved Youth! what shall I do!
Once my Delight, my Torment now!
How immaturely art Thou snatch't away!
But Heaven shines on Thee with many a glorious
Of an unclouded, and immortal Day, (Ray
Whilst I lye groveling Here Below
In a Dark Stormy Night.
The blustring Storm of Life with Thee is o're,
For thou art landed on That happy Shore,
Where

Where thou canst Hope, or Fear no more;
Thence with compassion thou shalt see
The Plagues, the Wars, the Fires, the Scarcity,
The Devastations of an Enemy,
From which Thy early Fate ha's set Thee free;
For when Thou went'st to thy Long Home,
Thou wert exempt from all the Ills to come,
And shalt hereafter be
Spectator only of the Tragedy
Acted on frail Mortality:
So some One lucky Mariner
From shipwrack sav'd by a propitious Star,

So some One lucky Mariner
From shipwrack sav'd by a propitious Star,
Advanc'd upon a neighb'ring Rock looks down,
And see's far off his old Companions Drown.

IV.

There in a state of perfect Ease, Of never interrupted Happiness,

Thy large illuminated mind
Shall matter of eternal Wonder find;
There dost thou clearly see, how, and from whence
The Stars communicate their insluence,
The methods of th' Almighty Architect,

How

How he consulted with himself alone
To lay the wondrous Corner-stone,
When He this goodly Fabrick did erect.
There, Thou dost understand
The Motions of the Secret Hand,
That guid's th' invisible Wheele,
Which Here, we ne're shall know, but ever feel;
There Providence, the vain man's Laughing stock,
The miserable Good-man's stumbling Block,
Unfolds the puzling Riddle to thy Eyes,
And It's own wife contrivance Justifie's.
What timorous Man would n't be pleas'd to Dye,

V.

To make so noble a Discovery?

And must I take my solemn leave
Till time shall be no more!

Can neither sighs, nor tears, nor prayers retrieve
One chearful Hour!
Must one unlucky moment sever
Us, and our Hopes, Us and our Joys for ever!--Is this cold Clod of Earth that endear'd Thing
I lately did my Brother call?